

ILLICIT DISCHARGE DETECTION & ELIMINATION (IDDE) PLAN

June 2019

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

BMP Best Management Practice
CCTV Closed Circuit Television

CMRSWC Central Massachusetts Regional Stormwater Coalition

CWA United States Environmental Protection Agency's Clean Water Act

DEP Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection

DPW Department of Public Works

EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

GIS Geographic Information System

IDDE Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

MCM Minimum Control Measure

MS4 Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System

MS4 Permit General Permit for Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer Systems

NPDES National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

NOAA National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration

PPE Personal Protective Equipment

SSO Sanitary Sewer Overflow

SOP Standard Operating Procedure

SVF System Vulnerability Factor

TMDL Total Maximum Daily Load

TSS Total Suspended Solids

USGS United States Geological Survey

WQS Water Quality Standards

1 INTRODUCTION

The Town of Saugus (Town) owns, operates, and maintains a Small Municipal Separate Storm Sewer System (MS4) which conveys and discharges stormwater runoff to surface waters of the United States. The 2016 National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) General Permit for Stormwater Discharges from Small MS4's (MS4 Permit) issued by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and made effective July 1, 2018 requires all permittees, or regulated communities to create a Stormwater Management Program that addresses six minimum control measures (MCMs):

- 1. Public Education and Outreach
- 2. Public Involvement and Participation
- 3. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination (IDDE) Program
- 4. Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control
- 5. Stormwater Management in New Development and Redevelopment (Post Construction Stormwater Management); and
- 6. Good Housekeeping and Pollution Prevention for Permittee Owned Operations

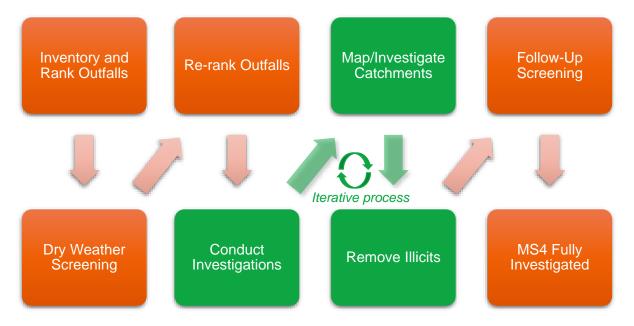
Under MCM 3, the permittee is required to implement an IDDE program to systematically find and eliminate sources of non-stormwater discharges to its MS4 and implement procedures to prevent such discharges. The IDDE program must also be recorded in a written (hardcopy or electronic) document. This IDDE Plan has been prepared to address this requirement.

1.1 IDDE Program Goals, Framework, and Timeline

The goals of this written IDDE plan include the major components as outlined in the MS4 Permit to find and successfully eliminate illicit discharges to the MS4:

- Identification of legal authority and regulatory mechanism to prohibit illicit discharges and enforce this IDDE program;
- An assessment of the current mapping of the MS4 and protocols for the continual improvements and addition to the mapping of the MS4;
- Inventory and ranking of outfalls;
- Dry weather outfall screening protocols and procedures;
- Catchment investigations protocols and procedures;
- Methods for the identification/confirmation of illicit source;
- Follow-on screening; and,
- Employee training.

The IDDE investigation procedure framework shown in **Figure 1**, modified from the Central Massachusetts Regional Stormwater Coalition (CMRSWC), will generally be used to guide IDDE investigations work in the Town throughout the permit term.



Source: Central Massachusetts Regional Stormwater Coalition IDDE Plan Template, Figure 1-1.

Figure 1. IDDE Investigation Procedure Framework

It is the Town's intent to adhere to the IDDE timeline requirements of the MS4 permit as graphically shown in **Figure 2**, as provided by the EPA. **Table 1** presents a summary of the IDDE program requirement deadlines for the current permit term.

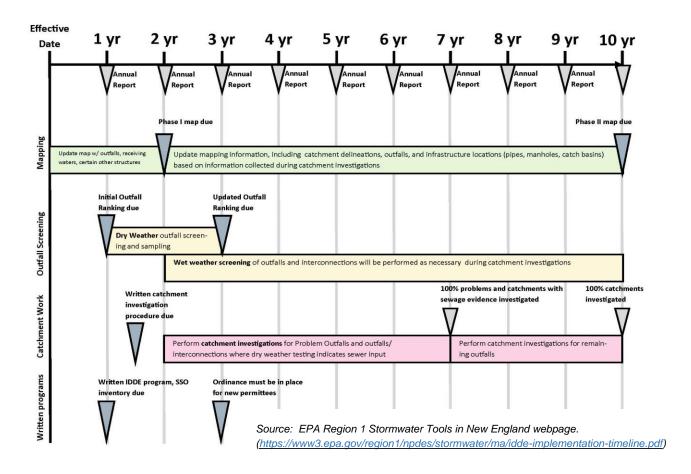


Figure 2. IDDE Program Implementation Timeline

Table 1. Summary of IDDE Program Deadlines

IDDE Permit Requirement	Deadline (Permit Year End Date)
Phase I Map	June 30, 2020 (Year 2)
Phase II Map	June 30, 2028 (Year 10)
Dry Weather Outfall Screening	June 30, 2021 (Year 3)
Initial Outfall Ranking	June 30, 2019 (Year 1) – included in this IDDE Plan
Updated Outfall Ranking	June 30, 2021 (Year 3)
Wet Weather Screening	June 30, 2028 (Year 10)
Written Catchment Investigation Procedures	December 30, 2019 (between Years 1 & 2)
100% Problem Catchments and outfalls where dry weather testing indicates sewer input	June 30, 2025 (Year 7)
Catchment investigations for remaining outfalls	June 30, 2028 (Year 10)
Written IDDE program, SSO Inventory	June 30, 2019 (Year 1)

1.2 Illicit Discharges

An illicit discharge is defined as any non-stormwater discharge to a drainage system, with the exception of discharges pursuant to a private NPDES permit (not to include the NPDES permit for discharges from the MS4) or those considered allowable non-stormwater discharges, such as discharges resulting from fire-fighting activities. A list of allowable non-stormwater discharges is presented in **Section 1.3** of this Plan.

Illicit discharges may take a variety of forms. Illicit discharges may enter the drainage system through direct or indirect connections. Direct connections may be relatively obvious, such as cross-connections of sanitary sewer services to the storm drain system. Indirect illicit discharges may be more difficult to detect or address, such as failing septic systems that discharge untreated sewage to a ditch within the MS4, or a sump pump that discharges contaminated water on an intermittent basis.

Some illicit discharges are intentional, such as dumping used oil (or other pollutant) into catch basins, a resident or contractor illegally tapping a new sewer lateral into a storm drain pipe to avoid the costs of a sewer connection fee and service, and illegal dumping of yard wastes into surface waters.

Some illicit discharges are related to the unsuitability of original infrastructure to the modern regulatory environment. Examples of illicit discharges in this category include connected floor drains in old buildings, as well as sanitary sewer overflows that enter the drainage system. Sump pumps legally connected to the storm drain system may be used inappropriately, such as for the disposal of floor washwater or old household products, in many cases due to a lack of understanding on the part of the homeowner.

Regardless of the intention, when not addressed, illicit discharges can contribute high levels of pollutants, such as heavy metals, toxics, oil, grease, solvents, nutrients, and pathogens to surface waters.

1.3 Allowable Non-Stormwater Discharges

The following categories of non-storm water discharges are allowed under the MS4 Permit and under the Town's Stormwater Management Bylaw, unless the Town, EPA or DEP identifies any category or individual discharge of non-stormwater discharge as a significant contributor of pollutants to the MS4:

- Water line flushing
- Landscape irrigation or lawn watering
- · Diverted stream flows
- Rising groundwater
- Uncontaminated groundwater infiltration (40 CFR 35.2005(20))
- Uncontaminated pumped groundwater
- Discharge from potable water sources
- · Foundation drains and Footing drains
- Air conditioning condensation
- Irrigation water, springs

- Water from crawl space pumps
- Individual residential car washing
- De-chlorinated swimming pool discharges (untouched for no less than 1 week and containing less than 1 ppm of chlorine)
- Street wash waters: and
- Residential building wash waters absent of detergents

Additionally, discharges resulting from fire-fighting activities are exempt from being considered illicit discharges and shall be considered allowable discharges to the MS4.

1.4 Surface Waters within the Town

Surface waters within the Town are part of either the Saugus River or Pines River sub-basins which are two of five river sub-basins that make up the North Coastal watershed as defined by the DEP. There are twenty-one surface waters identified within the Town. Ten (10) of these surface waters are classified by the DEP under the Massachusetts Surface Water Quality Standards (WQS), 314 CMR 4.00, which assigns all inland, coastal, and marine surface waters a class in accordance with the intended beneficial uses of each surface water. The location of surface waters identified within the town are show in **Figure 3** along with those designated a usage classification by DEP.

The ten surface waters classified in the Town under the WQS include:

- Class A Waters designated for public water supply sources, fish and wildlife resource areas, primary and secondary recreation, and are protected as Outstanding Resource Waters;
- Class B Waters designated as fish and wildlife resource areas, as well as primary and secondary recreation areas; or
- Class SB Waters designated as fish and wildlife resource areas, primary and secondary contact recreation, and shell fishing for specified surface waters.

Additionally, the Massachusetts Year 2016 Integrated List of Waters prepared by the DEP's Division of Watershed Management has categorized 17 surface waters within the Town. The document provides assessments on the quality of Massachusetts surface waters pursuant to Sections 303(d) and 305(b) of the EPA's Clean Water Act (CWA). Section 305(b) of the CWA outlines the process by which surface waters are to be evaluated or classified with respect to their uses and Section 303(d) of the CWA requires the categorization of surface waters. The process of assessing surface waters under Section 305(b) and listing impairments under Section 303(d) of the Clean Water Act is inextricably linked to the Massachusetts Surface WQS, as the standards define the uses that are to be evaluated for any given water body.

The State's surface waters are separated into the following categories:

- Category 1 Waters attaining all designated uses
- Category 2 Waters attaining some uses; other uses not assessed
- Category 3 No uses assessed

- Category 4a TMDL completed
- Category 4b Impairment controlled by alternative pollution control requirements
- Category 4c Impairment not caused by a pollutant TMDL not required,
- Category 5 Waters requiring a TMDL

These categories determine which waters require an allowable total maximum daily load (TMDL) for a given pollutant or impairment. The Integrated List of Waters is developed every two years and contains a growing list of impairments, many of whose primary sources are stormwater runoff. There are currently no Category 1 or Category 4b waters within the Town of Saugus.

1.4.1 TMDL Development

Currently, a Pathogen TMDL has been established for the North Coastal watershed. This TMDL specifically addresses the pathogen indicators fecal coliform for shellfish areas, E. coli for freshwaters, and enterococci for bathing and marine waters. These have been determined by DEP as indicators generally arising from failing sewer line infrastructure, failing septic systems, and animal (mammal and bird) wastes. The watershed assessment findings conclude that sources of these indicator bacteria within the watershed are varied, but most are believed to originate from stormwater. Mitigation actions include removal of illicit discharges to stormwater drainage systems, removal of CSOs, and implementation of stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs) throughout the watershed.

Figure 3 shows the location and class of surface waters within the Town, and **Table 2** provides a summary of surface water classifications and impairment categories.

1.5 **IDDE Work Completed to Date**

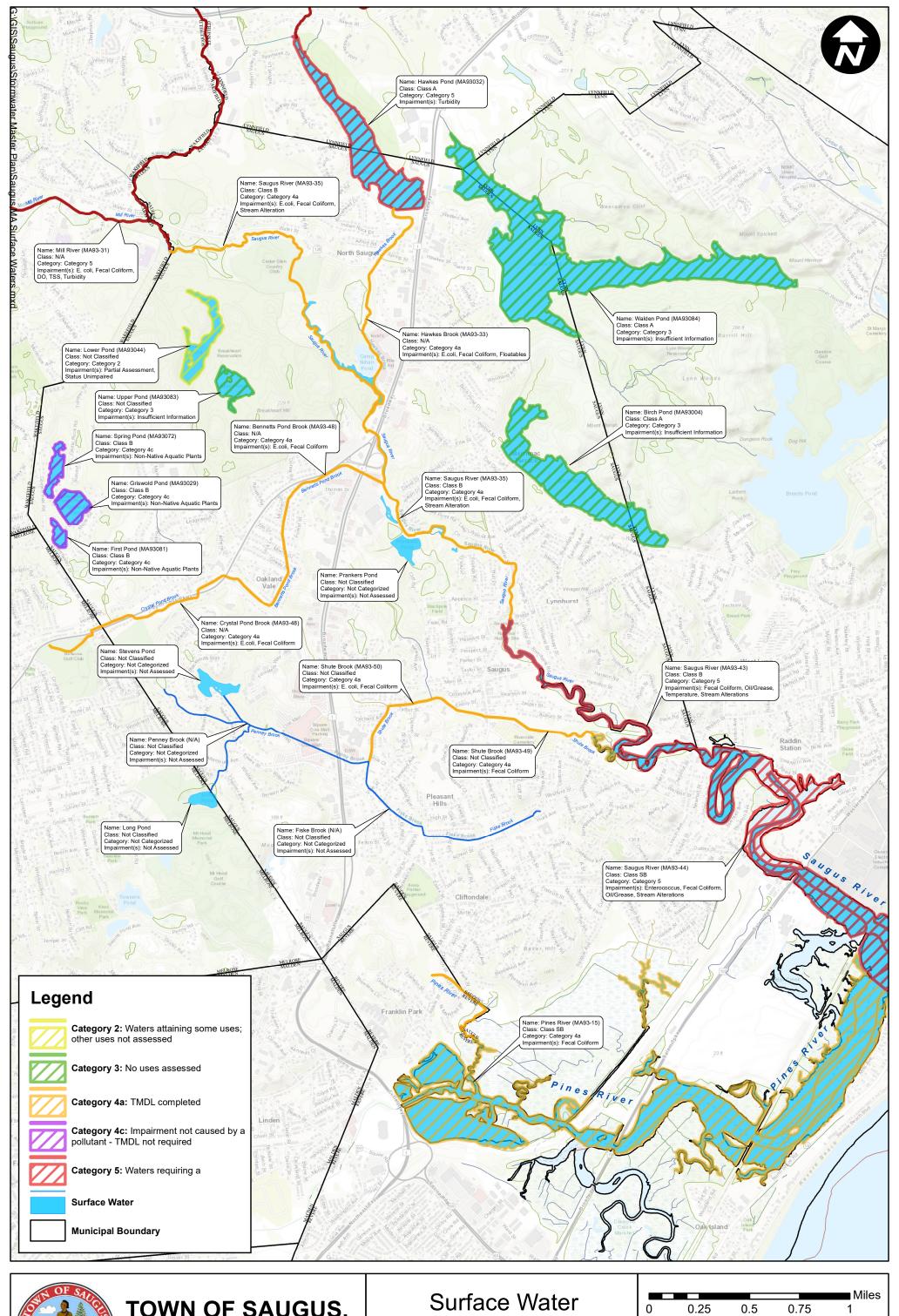
The 2003 MS4 Permit required each MS4 community to develop a plan to detect illicit discharges using a combination of storm system mapping, adopting a regulatory mechanism to prohibit illicit discharges and enforce this prohibition, and identifying tools and methods to investigate suspected illicit discharges. Each MS4 community was also required to define how confirmed discharges would be eliminated and how the removal would be documented.

The Town of Saugus has completed the following IDDE program activities consistent with the 2003 MS4 Permit requirements:

- Developed a map of outfalls and receiving waters
- Adopted an IDDE bylaw or regulatory mechanism
- Conducted comprehensive outfall screening for compliance with the 2003 MS4 Permit. During this
 program, a total of 295 outfalls was screened. Only four outfalls were observed to be flowing during
 dry weather. Sampling results did not indicate the presence of illicit discharges from the outfalls. At
 that time, it was recommended that the Town initiate future screening to rule out intermittent illicit
 discharges, and to monitor outfalls for illicit discharges that may arise after the completion of the initial
 investigations.

The Town has also completed additional related work, including:

- Additional storm system mapping, including the locations of catch basins, manholes and pipe connectivity
- SSO inventory





Classifications and Impairment Categories

0 0.25 0.5 0.75 1 FIGURE 3

Table 2. Saugus Surface Water Classifications and Impairment Categories

Receiving Waterbody and Segment ID	Surface Water Class	TMDL Category	Impairment
Mill River (MA93-31)	Not Classified	Category 5	E. coli, Fecal Coliform, DO, TSS, Turbidity
Hawkes Brook (MA93-33)	Not Classified	Category 4A	E. coli, Fecal Coliform, Floatables
Hawkes Pond (MA93032)	Class A	Category 5	Turbidity
Bennetts Pond Brook (MA93-48)	Not Classified	Category 4A	E. coli, Fecal Coliform
Prankers Pond	Not Classified	Not Categorized	Not Assessed
Stevens Pond	Not Classified	Not Categorized	Not Assessed
Long Pond	Not Classified	Not Categorized	Not Assessed
Penney Brook	Not Classified	Not Categorized	Not Assessed
Fiske Brook	Not Classified	Not Categorized	Not Assessed
Shute Brook (MA93-50)	Not Classified	Category 4A	E. coli, Fecal Coliform
Shute Brook (MA93-49)	Not Classified	Category 4A	Fecal Coliform
Pines River (MA93-15)	Class SB	Category 4A	Fecal Coliform
Saugus River (MA93-35)	Class B	Category 4A	E. coli, Fecal Coliform, Stream Alteration
Saugus River (MA93-43)	Class B	Category 5	Fecal Coliform, Oil/Grease, Temperature, Stream Alterations
Saugus River (MA93-44)	Class SB	Category 5	Enterococcus, Fecal Coliform, Oil/Grease, Stream Alterations
Walden Pond (MA93084)	Class A	Category 3	Insufficient Information
Pearce Lake / Lower Pond (MA93044)	Not Classified	Category 2	Partial Assessment, Status Unimpaired
Silver Lake / Upper Pond (MA93083)	Not Classified	Category 3	Insufficient Information
Spring Pond (MA93072)	Class B	Category 4C	Non-Native Aquatic Plants

Receiving Waterbody and Segment ID	Surface Water Class	TMDL Category	Impairment
Griswold Pond (MA93029) (Upper Griswold Pond)	Class B	Category 4C	Non-Native Aquatic Plants
First Pond (MA93081) (Lower Griswold Pond)	Class B	Category 4C	Non-Native Aquatic Plants
Birch Pond (MA93004)	Class A	Category 3	Insufficient Information

2 AUTHORITY AND STATEMENT OF IDDE RESPONSIBILITIES

2.1 **Legal Authority**

The Town has adopted a Stormwater Bylaw (May 2018) and associated Stormwater Management Rules and Regulations (December 2018). These regulatory documents provide the Town with the legal authority to:

- Prohibit illicit discharges.
- Investigate suspected illicit discharges.
- Eliminate illicit discharges, including discharges from properties not owned by or controlled by the MS4 that discharge into the MS4 system.
- Implement appropriate enforcement procedures and actions.
- Promulgate and modify regulations.

The Stormwater Bylaw can be found as Section 705.00 under Public Works in the Town of Saugus Bylaws. The most recent Town Bylaws may be viewed at the Town Clerk's office or found on the Town's website at:

https://www.saugus-ma.gov/town-clerk (Click on Town By-laws)

The Stormwater Management Rules and Regulations may be found on file at the Department of Public Works (DPW).

2.2 Statement of Responsibilities

The DPW is the lead municipal agency or department responsible for implementing the IDDE program pursuant to the provisions of the Stormwater Bylaw and the MS4 Permit. Other agencies or departments with responsibility for aspects of the program include:

- Sewer Division of DPW Support for investigations and removal of illicit connections/discharges.
- Inspectional Services Department Ensure illicit connections are not made during renovations or new construction.
- **Health Department** Ensure illicit discharges from food establishments and other facilities are not going to the MS4.
- Conservation Commission and Planning Ensure stormwater requirements are being met during review/inspection of new development and redevelopment.
- Town Administrator and/or Town Counsel Support for enforcement or legal actions.

All Town departments are responsible for following-up with the DPW on any reports of suspected illicit connections or discharges to the MS4.

3 MUNICIPAL STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM

3.1 Mapping and GIS Database Management

The Town of Saugus originally developed mapping of its stormwater system to meet the mapping requirements of the 2003 MS4 Permit. The 2016 MS4 Permit requires a more detailed storm system map than was required by the 2003 MS4 Permit. The revised mapping is intended to facilitate the identification of key infrastructure, factors influencing proper system operation, and the potential for illicit discharges.

The Town fulfilled the 2003 MS4 permit requirements for mapping and conducted additional mapping efforts to produce a stormwater drainage system map that includes catch basins, manholes, pipe connectivity on top of the outfalls and receiving waters which were already mapped. The mapping exists in a Geographic Information System (GIS) database and is updated as projects occur. A map of the Saugus Municipal Storm Drainage System is included as **Figure 4**.

The 2016 MS4 Permit requires the storm system map to be updated in two phases as outlined below. The DPW is responsible for updating the stormwater system mapping pursuant to the 2016 MS4 Permit. The Town will report on the progress towards completion of the storm system map in each annual report.

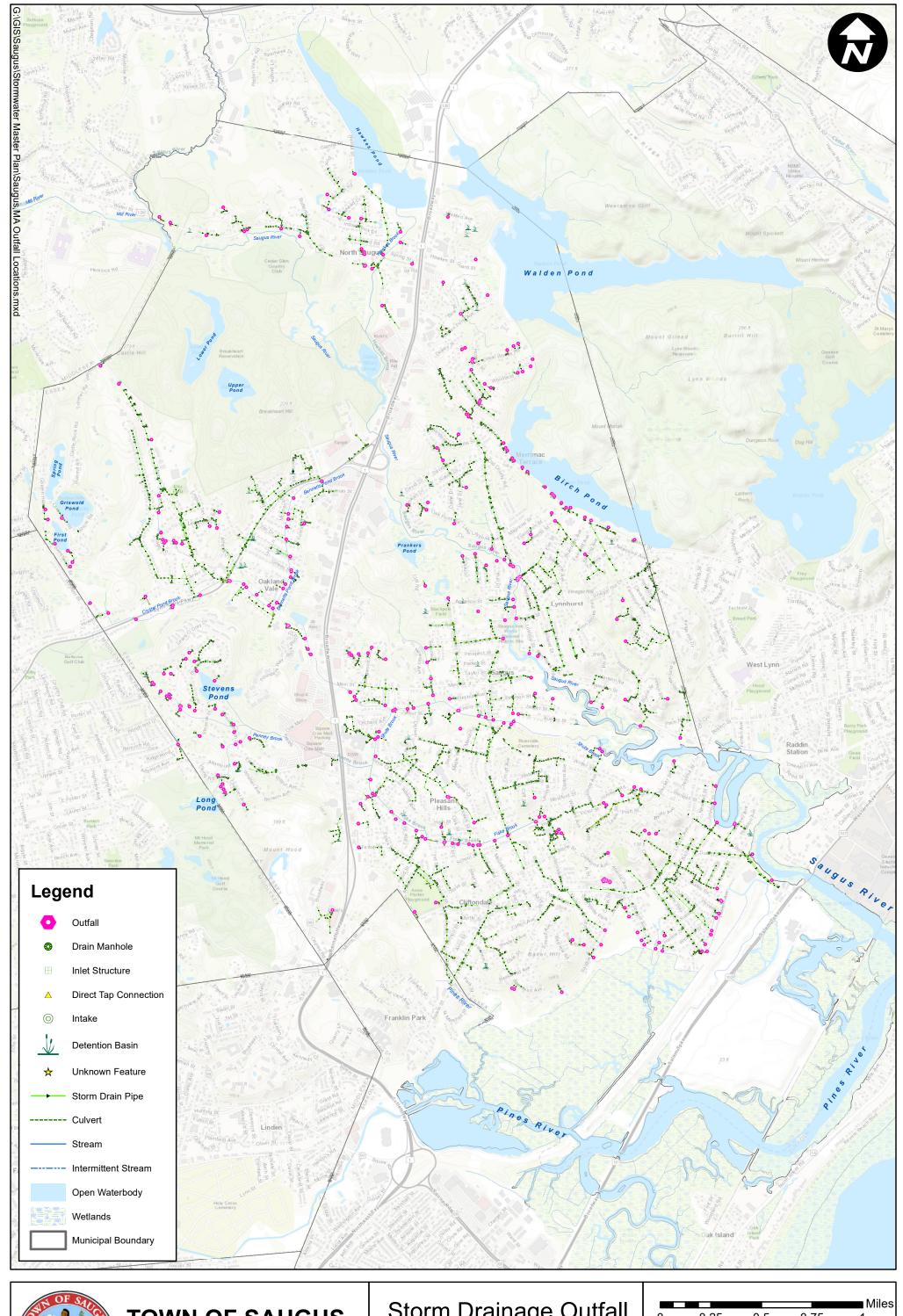
The Town plans to continually update their stormwater mapping during field investigations and maintenance of their storm drainage system to comply with the requirements of the 2016 Massachusetts Small MS4 general permit.

3.1.1 Phase 1 Mapping

Phase I mapping must be completed within two (2) years of the effective date of the permit (July 1, 2020) and include the following information:

- Outfalls and receiving waters (previously required by the MS4-2003 permit) Complete.
- Open channel conveyances (swales, ditches, etc.)
- Interconnections with other MS4s and other storm sewer systems
- Municipally owned stormwater treatment structures (Bioswales, BMPS, etc.)
- Water bodies identified by name and indication of all use impairments as identified on the most recent EPA approved Massachusetts Integrated List of Waters report – Complete.
- Initial catchment delineations. Topographic contours and drainage system information may be used to produce initial catchment delineations.

The Town will update its stormwater mapping by July 1, 2020 to include the remaining Phase I information.





Storm Drainage Outfall Locations and Recieving Waterbodies

0 0.25 0.5 0.75 1 Mile

3.1.2 Phase 2 Mapping

Phase II mapping must be completed within ten (10) years of the effective date of the permit (July 1, 2028) and include the following information:

- Outfall spatial location (latitude and longitude with a minimum accuracy of +/-30 feet)
- Pipes Complete.
- Manholes Complete.
- Catch basins Complete.
- Refined catchment delineations. Catchment delineations must be updated to reflect information collected during catchment investigations.
- Municipal Sanitary Sewer system (if available)
- Municipal Combined sewer system (if applicable).

The Town will update its stormwater mapping by July 1, 2028 to include the remaining following Phase II information.

4 SANITARY SEWER OVERFLOWS (SSOs)

The 2016 MS4 Permit requires municipalities to prohibit illicit discharges, including sanitary sewer overflows (SSOs), to the separate storm sewer system. SSOs are discharges of untreated sanitary wastewater from a municipal sanitary sewer that can contaminate surface waters, cause serious water quality problems and property damage, and threaten public health. SSOs can be caused by blockages, line breaks, sewer defects that allow stormwater and groundwater to overload the system, power failures, improper sewer design, and vandalism.

The Town keeps information on SSOs and has compiled an inventory of SSOs that have occurred within the five (5) years prior to the effective date of the 2016 MS4 Permit, based on review of available documentation pertaining to SSOs. A record of each SSO event includes the location of each event, the date and time of each event, an estimated discharge volume, the known or suspect source and cause of the overflow, and mitigation measures. The current inventory of known SSOs in the Town is included in **Appendix A**.

Upon detection of an SSO, the Town will eliminate it as expeditiously as possible and take interim measures to minimize the discharge of pollutants to and from its MS4 until the SSO is eliminated. Upon becoming aware of an SSO to the MS4, the Town will provide oral notice to EPA within 24 hours and written notice to EPA and MassDEP within five (5) days of becoming aware of the SSO occurrence.

The inventory in **Appendix A** will be updated by the DPW at least annually. The SSO inventory will be included in the annual report, including the status of mitigation and corrective measures to address each identified SSO.

5 IDDE PROTOCOL AND PROCEDURES

The 2016 MS4 Permit requires an assessment and priority ranking of outfalls in terms of their potential to have illicit discharges and SSOs and the related public health significance. The ranking helps determine the priority order for performing IDDE investigations and meeting permit milestones.

5.1 Outfall Catchment Delineations

A catchment is the area that drains to an individual outfall¹ or interconnection.² The catchments for each of the MS4 outfalls will be delineated to define contributing areas for investigation of potential sources of illicit discharges. Catchments are typically delineated based on topographic contours and mapped drainage infrastructure, where available. Initial catchment delineations will be completed as part of the Phase I mapping, and refined catchment delineations will be completed as part of the Phase II mapping to reflect information collected during catchment investigations.

5.2 Outfalls and Interconnections

5.2.1 Initial Outfall / Interconnection Ranking

The DPW will complete an initial outfall¹ and interconnection² inventory and priority ranking to assess illicit discharge potential within one (1) year from the effective date of the permit (by June 30, 2019). All known outfalls and interconnections will be ranked into four classifications, as described on the following page, prior to the implementation of outfall screening. The initial ranking of outfalls will use information from previous screenings, catchment investigations, reports to the Town, the Massachusetts Integrated List of Waters, and proximity to areas where public health, or environmental impact may be a concern.

An updated inventory and ranking will be provided in each annual report after the initial ranking. The inventory will be updated annually to include data collected in connection with dry weather screening and other relevant inspections.

The outfall and interconnection inventory will identify each outfall and interconnection discharging from the MS4, record its location and condition, and provide a framework for tracking inspections, screenings and other IDDE program activities.

¹ **Outfall** means a point source as defined by 40 CFR § 122.2 as the point where the municipal separate storm sewer discharges to waters of the United States. An outfall does not include open conveyances connecting two municipal separate storm sewers or pipes, tunnels or other conveyances that connect segments of the same stream or other waters of the United States and that are used to convey waters of the United States. Culverts longer than a simple road crossing shall be included in the inventory unless the permittee can confirm that they are free of any connections and simply convey waters of the United States.

² **Interconnection** means the point (excluding sheet flow over impervious surfaces) where the permittee's MS4 discharges to another MS4 or other storm sewer system, through which the discharge is conveyed to waters of the United States or to another storm sewer system and eventually to a water of the United States.

Outfalls and interconnections will be classified into one of the following categories:

- Problem Outfalls: Outfalls/interconnections with known or suspected contributions of illicit
 discharges based on existing information shall be designated as Problem Outfalls. This shall include
 any outfalls/interconnections where previous screening indicates likely sewer input. Likely sewer input
 indicators are any of the following:
 - Olfactory or visual evidence of sewage,
 - Ammonia ≥ 0.5 mg/L, surfactants ≥ 0.25 mg/L, and bacteria levels greater than the water quality criteria applicable to the receiving water, or
 - o Ammonia ≥ 0.5 mg/L, surfactants ≥ 0.25 mg/L, and detectable levels of chlorine.
- High Priority Outfalls: Outfalls and interconnections that have not been classified as Problem
 Outfalls and that discharge to surface waters in an area of concern to public health, categorized as
 having or needing a TMDL, in a catchment area where exists aging sewer or storm structures, SSO's,
 or septic systems, or where flows are received from a network of previously combined sewer-storm
 system.
- Low Priority Outfalls: Outfalls and interconnections determined to have low likelihood for an illicit discharge by the Town and are not considered for any of the criteria indicating the outfall or interconnection as a High Priority Outfall.
- Excluded Outfalls: Outfalls and interconnections with no potential for illicit discharges based on the tributary stormwater features being a significant distance from any sanitary sewers or septic systems, where non-stormwater flows are determined as absent from the area and only road and surface stormwater runoff may enter the system. This category is limited to roadway drainage in undeveloped areas with no dwellings and no sanitary sewers; drainage for athletic fields, parks or undeveloped green space and associated parking without services; cross-country drainage alignments (that neither cross nor are in proximity to sanitary sewer alignments) through undeveloped land.

Dry weather screening and sampling, as described in **Section 6** of this IDDE Plan and Part 2.3.4.7.b of the MS4 Permit, is not required for Problem Outfalls or Excluded Outfalls. Problem Outfalls will be directly investigated following the procedures for catchment investigations as detailed in **Section 7**. Outfalls/interconnections classified as High Priority Outfalls and Low Priority Outfalls will be screened for indicators of illicit discharges.

Outfalls will be ranked into the above priority categories (<u>except for Excluded Outfalls</u>, <u>which may be excluded from the IDDE program</u>) based on the following characteristics of the defined initial catchment areas, where information is available. Additional relevant characteristics, including location-specific characteristics, may be considered but must be documented in this IDDE Plan.

- Previous screening results previous screening/sampling results indicate likely sewer input (see criteria above for Problem Outfalls).
- Past discharge complaints and reports.
- **Poor receiving water quality** the following guidelines are recommended to identify waters as having a high illicit discharge potential:

- Exceeding water quality standards for bacteria
- Ammonia levels above 0.5 mg/l
- Surfactants levels greater than or equal to 0.25 mg/l
- **Density of generating sites** Generating sites are those places, including institutional, municipal, commercial, or industrial sites, with a potential to generate pollutants that could contribute to illicit discharges. Examples of these sites include, but are not limited to, car dealers; car washes; gas stations; garden centers; and industrial manufacturing areas.
- Age of development and infrastructure Industrial areas greater than 40 years old and areas
 where the sanitary sewer system is more than 40 years old will probably have a high illicit discharge
 potential. Developments 20 years or younger will probably have a low illicit discharge potential.
- **Sewer conversion** Contributing catchment areas that were once serviced by septic systems but have been converted to sewer connections may have a high illicit discharge potential.
- **Historic combined sewer systems** Contributing areas that were once serviced by a combined sewer system but have been separated may have a high illicit discharge potential.
- Surrounding density of aging septic systems Septic systems thirty years or older in residential land use areas are prone to have failures and may have a high illicit discharge potential.
- **Culverted streams** Any river or stream that is culverted for distances greater than a simple roadway crossing may have a high illicit discharge potential.
- Water quality limited waterbodies that receive a discharge from the MS4 or waters with approved TMDLs applicable to the permittee, where illicit discharges have the potential to contain the pollutant identified as the cause of the water quality impairment.

An outfall inventory and priority ranking matrix table is included in **Appendix B.**

6 DRY WEATHER OUTFALL SCREENING AND SAMPLING

Dry weather flow is a common indicator of potential illicit connections. The MS4 Permit requires all outfalls/interconnections (excluding Problem and Excluded Outfalls) to be inspected for the presence of dry weather flow. The DPW is responsible for conducting dry weather outfall screening, starting with High Priority outfalls, followed by Low Priority outfalls, based on the initial priority rankings described in the previous section.

6.1 Outfall Screening Weather Conditions Criteria

Dry weather outfall screening and sampling may occur when no more than 0.1 inches of rainfall has occurred in the previous 24-hour period and when no significant snow melt is occurring. For purposes of determining dry weather conditions, program staff will use precipitation data from an approved local weather station within or nearby the investigation area. If the approved weather stations is not available or not reporting current weather data, then the use of local weather forecasting data from sources like the United States Geological Survey (USGS), and the National Oceanic Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) may serve as a back-up.

6.2 Dry Weather Outfall Screening/Sampling Procedure

6.2.1 General Procedure

The dry weather outfall inspection and sampling procedure consists of the following general steps:

- 1. Identify outfall(s) to be screened/sampled based on initial outfall inventory and priority ranking
- 2. Acquire the necessary staff, mapping, and field equipment (see **Table 3** for list of potential field equipment)
- 3. Conduct the outfall inspection during dry weather (see **Section 6.1** for weather criteria):
 - a. Mark and photograph the outfall
 - b. Record the inspection information and outfall characteristics (using paper or digital forms)
 - c. Look for and record visual/olfactory evidence of pollutants in flowing outfalls including odor, color, turbidity, and floatable matter (suds, bubbles, excrement, toilet paper or sanitary products). Also observe outfalls for deposits and stains, vegetation, and damage to outfall structures.
- 4. If flow is observed, sample and test the flow following the procedures described in **Section 6.2.3**.
- 5. If no flow is observed, but evidence of illicit flow exists (illicit discharges are often intermittent or transitory), revisit the outfall during dry weather within one week of the initial observation, if practicable, to perform a second dry weather screening and sample any observed flow. Other techniques can be used to detect intermittent or transitory flows including conducting inspections during evenings or weekends, sandbagging, and using optical brighteners.
- 6. Input results from screening and sampling into spreadsheet/database. Include pertinent information in the outfall/interconnection inventory and priority ranking.
- 7. Include all screening data in the annual report.

Table 3. Field Equipment – Dry Weather Outfall Screening and Sampling

Equipment	Use/Notes		
Clipboard	For organization of field sheets and writing surface		
Field Sheets	Field sheets for both dry weather inspection and dry weather sampling should be available with extras		
Chain of Custody Forms	To ensure proper handling of all samples		
Pens/Pencils/Permanent Markers	For proper labeling		
Nitrile Gloves	To protect the sampler as well as the sample from contamination		
Flashlight/headlamp w/batteries	For looking in outfalls or manholes, helpful in early mornings as well		
Cooler with Ice	For transporting samples to the laboratory		
Digital Camera	For documenting field conditions at time of inspection		
Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	Reflective vest, Safety glasses and boots at a minimum		
GPS Receiver	For taking spatial location data		
Water Quality Sonde	If needed, for sampling conductivity, temperature, pH		
Water Quality Meter	Hand held meter, if available, for testing for various water quality parameters such as ammonia, surfactants and chlorine		
Test Kits	Have extra kits on hand to sample more outfalls than are anticipated to be screened in a single day		
Label Tape	For labeling sample containers		
Sample Containers	Make sure all sample containers are clean. Keep extra sample containers on hand at all times. Make sure there are proper sample containers for what is being sampled for (i.e., bacteria requires sterile containers).		
Pry Bar, Pick or Manhole Puller	For opening catch basins and manholes when necessary		
Sandbags	For damming low flows in order to take samples		
Small Mallet or Sledge Hammer	Helping to free stuck manhole and catch basin covers		
Utility Knife	Multiple uses		
Measuring Tape	Measuring distances and depth of flow		
Safety Cones	Safety		
Hand Sanitizer	Disinfectant/decontaminant		
Zip Ties/Duct Tape	For making field repairs		
Rubber Boots/Waders	For accessing shallow streams/areas		
Sampling Pole/Dipper/Sampling Cage	For accessing hard to reach outfalls and manholes		

Previous outfall screening/sampling conducted under the 2003 MS4 Permit may be used to satisfy the dry weather outfall/screening requirements of the 2016 MS4 Permit only if the previous screening and sampling was substantially equivalent to that required by the 2016 MS4 Permit, including the list of analytes outlined in Section 2.3.4.7.b.iii.4 of the 2016 permit.

The following information is generally recorded during dry weather investigations:

- Field personnel, inspection date and time, weather and temperature
- Time (in hours) since last precipitation event and amount (in inches of precipitation).
- Photos (One general area photo, one closeup of outfall structure)
- Outfall/Structure ID
- Receiving Waterbody
- Outfall type (pipe, box culvert, arch, horizontal elliptical, vertical elliptical)
- Outfall material (reinforced concrete, corrugated metal, PVC, HDPE, stone, brick, earthen, other)
- Opening Size Diameter if round or Width and Height if not round (inches)
- Condition (corrosion, cracks/breaks, spalling, pipe collapsed, pipe crushed, pipe submerged)
- Dry weather flow (indication of flow and flow depth in inches)
- · Color, clarity, and odor of flow
- Presence of floatables (trash, oil, suds, scum, leaves) and deposits/stains (oil, rust, sediments)
- Vegetation growth (algae, iron floc)
- Test kit sampling results (if sample is taken)
- Whether or not an Illicit discharge is suspected

A sample of an outfall inspection form is included as **Appendix C.**

6.2.2 Evidence of Illicit Flows

In the event an outfall is inspected, and no flows are observed, indicators of illicit flow evidence may be used in the determination of likely illicit discharges. Some observable evidence of an illicit discharge includes the presence of toilet paper and other sanitary items, staining, grease deposits, or excessive vegetation or bacterial growth. Examples of illicit flow evidence in non-flowing outfalls are shown in **Figure 5**. These examples are excerpts from the Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination: A Guidance Manual for Program Development and Technical Assessments by the Center for Watershed Protection and Robert Pitt, 2004.





Toilet paper or other sanitary items directly around the storm drain outlet are indicators of an upstream illicit connection.





Suds present at an outfall may indicate and illicit connection and likely when accompanied by the presence of a fragrant detergent odor.





Bacterial growth at an outfall indicates nutrient enrichment likely from sanitary connections / defects.





Excessive vegetation and algae growth may indicate enriched flows associated with sewage or fertilizers from lawn care





Water color indicators may identify the presence of an illicit connection or illegal dumping and may require additional investigation.





Oily Sheen or Film may indicate the presence of an illicit connection or illegal dumping of pollutants.

Note: water color may also be a result of minerals and algae growth

Note: some oils are organic and should be differentiated from Synthetic oils before using as an indicator

Source: Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination: A Guidance Manual for Program Development and Technical Assessments by the Center for Watershed Protection and Robert Pitt, 2004.

Figure 5. Evidence of Illicit Flow

6.2.3 General Outfall Sampling Procedure

If flow is present during a dry weather outfall inspection, a sample will be collected and analyzed for the required permit parameters³ listed in **Table 4**. The general procedure for collection of outfall samples is as follows:

- 1. Fill out all sample information on sample bottles and field sheets
- 2. Put on protective gloves (nitrile/latex/other) before sampling
- 3. Collect sample with dipper or directly in sample containers. If possible, collect water from the flow directly in the sample bottle. Be careful not to disturb sediments.
- 4. If using a dipper or other device, triple rinse the device with distilled water and then in water to be sampled (not for bacteria sampling)
- Use test strips, test kits, and field meters (rinse similar to dipper) for most parameters (see Table
 4)
- 6. Place laboratory samples on ice for analysis of bacteria and pollutants of concern
- 7. Fill out chain-of-custody form for laboratory samples
- 8. Deliver samples to an EPA approved laboratory
- 9. Dispose of used test strips and test kit ampules properly
- 10. Decontaminate all testing personnel and equipment

In the event that an outfall is submerged, either partially or completely, or inaccessible, field staff will proceed to the first accessible upstream manhole or structure for the observation and sampling and report the location with the screening results. Field staff will continue to the next upstream structure until there is no longer an influence from the receiving water on the visual inspection or sampling.

Field test kits or field instrumentation are permitted for all parameters except indicator bacteria and any pollutants of concern. Field kits need to have appropriate detection limits and ranges. **Table 4** lists various field test kits and field instruments that can be used for outfall sampling associated with the 2016 MS4 Permit parameters, other than indicator bacteria and any pollutants of concern.

If flow is observed at an outfall or interconnection during dry weather conditions, a grab sample will be taken and analyzed for the minimum parameters of E. coli or Enterococcus (dependent on the impairment and class of the receiving water), ammonia, surfactants, and total chlorine. When flow is observed, the inspectors will also conduct a visual windshield survey of the surrounding areas. Windshield surveys will entail driving through the area serviced by the drainage system of concern seeking to identify or isolate the source of an illicit or approved non-stormwater discharge. Potential illicit sources might include significant commercial, industrial or construction activity, un-swept streets, poorly maintained catch basins, broken pipes, etc. Potential approved non-stormwater discharge sources might include normal seasonal stream flow, lawn irrigation, non-commercial car washing, hydrant flushing, etc. All pertinent observations will be recorded and compiled along with other field collected screening data.

³ Other potentially useful parameters, although not required by the MS4 Permit, include **fluoride** (indicator of potable water sources in areas where water supplies are fluoridated), **potassium** (high levels may indicate the presence of sanitary wastewater), and **optical brighteners** (indicative of laundry detergents).

Outfalls that are flowing will be sampled as described in the general procedure for outfall sampling. If an outfall is observed with no flow, but evidence of an illicit discharge is observed, the outfall will be rescreened within one week, if possible, under dry weather conditions.

Table 4. Sampling Parameters and Analysis Methods

Analyte or Parameter	Instrumentation (Portable Meter)	Field Test Kit	
Ammonia	CHEMetrics™ V-2000 Colorimeter Hach™ DR/890 Colorimeter Hach™ Pocket Colorimeter™ II	CHEMetrics™ K-1410 CHEMetrics™ K-1510 (series) Hach™ NI-SA Hach™ Ammonia Test Strips	
Surfactants (Detergents)	CHEMetrics™ I-2017	CHEMetrics™ K-9400 and K- 9404 Hach™ DE-2	
Chlorine	CHEMetrics™ V-2000, K-2513 Hach™ Pocket Colorimeter™ II	NA	
Conductivity	CHEMetrics™ I-1200 YSI Pro30 YSI EC300A Oakton 450	NA	
Temperature	YSI Pro30 YSI EC300A Oakton 450	NA	
Salinity	YSI Pro30 YSI EC300A Oakton 450	NA	
Temperature	YSI Pro30 YSI EC300A Oakton 450	NA	
Indicator Bacteria: E. coli (freshwater) or Enterococcus (saline water)	EPA certified laboratory procedure (40 CFR § 136)	NA	
Pollutants of Concern ¹	EPA certified laboratory procedure (40 CFR § 136)	NA	

¹ Where the discharge is directly into a water quality limited water or a water subject to an approved TMDL, the sample must be analyzed for the pollutant(s) of concern identified as the cause of the water quality impairment.

Testing for indicator bacteria and any pollutants of concern must be conducted using analytical methods and procedures found in 40 CFR § 136. Samples for laboratory analysis must also be stored and preserved in accordance with procedures found in 40 CFR § 136. **Table 5** lists analytical methods, detection limits, hold times, and preservatives for laboratory analysis of dry weather sampling parameters.

Suspect dry weather flows without obvious evidence of contamination (olfactory, excrement, toilet paper, etc.) will be sampled and analyzed for the minimum parameters of E. coli or enterococcus (as appropriate), ammonia, surfactants, chlorine, temperature, specific conductance, and salinity. In the presence of dry weather flow, samples will be gathered prior to the performance of any inspections which could cause flow disturbance. Temperature and pH of the dry weather flow will be determined after samples are secured.

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⁴ 40 CFR § 136: http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-idx?SID=b3b41fdea0b7b0b8cd6c4304d86271b7&mc=true&node=pt40.25.136&rgn=div5

Table 5. Required Analytical Methods, Detection Limits, Hold Times, and Preservatives⁴

Analyte or Parameter	Analytical Method	Detection Limit	Max. Hold Time	Preservative
Ammonia	EPA : 350.2, SM : 4500-NH3C	0.05 mg/L	28 days	Cool ≤6°C, H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2, No preservative required if analyzed immediately
Surfactants	SM : 5540-C	0.01 mg/L	48 hours	Cool ≤6°C
Chlorine	SM : 4500-CI G	0.02 mg/L	Analyze within 15 minutes	None Required
Temperature	SM : 2550B	NA	Immediate	None Required
Specific Conductance	EPA : 120.1, SM : 2510B	0.2 μs/cm	28 days	Cool ≤6°C
Salinity	SM : 2520		28 days	Cool ≤6°C
Indicator Bacteria: <i>E.coli</i> Enterococcus	E.coli EPA: 1603 SM: 9221B, 9221F, 9223 B Other: Colilert®, Colilert-18® Enterococcus EPA: 1600 SM: 9230 C Other: Enterolert®	E.coli EPA: 1 cfu/100mL SM: 2 MPN/100mL Other: 1 MPN/100mL Enterococcus EPA: 1 cfu/100mL SM: 1 MPN/100mL Other: 1 MPN/100mL	8 hours	Cool ≤10°C, 0.0008% Na ₂ S ₂ O ₃
Total Phosphorus	EPA: Manual-365.3, Automated Ascorbic acid digestion-365.1 Rev. 2, ICP/AES4- 200.7 Rev. 4.4 SM: 4500-P E-F	EPA : 0.01 mg/L SM : 0.01 mg/L	28 days	Cool ≤6°C, H₂SO₄ to pH <2
Total Nitrogen (Ammonia + Nitrate/Nitrite, methods are for Nitrate-Nitrite and need to be combined with Ammonia listed above.)	EPA : Cadmium reduction (automated)-353.2 Rev. 2.0, SM : 4500-NO ₃ E-F	EPA : 0.05 mg/L SM : 0.05 mg/L	28 days	Cool ≤6°C, H ₂ SO ₄ to pH <2

SM = Standard Methods

Note: Total Phosphorus and Total Nitrogen are not required parameters for the outfalls found in the Town of Saugus, at this time.

6.3 Interpreting Outfall Sampling Results

Outfall analytical data from dry weather sampling can be used to help identify the major type or source of discharge. **Table 6** shows values identified by the U.S. EPA and the Center for Watershed Protection as typical screening values for select parameters. These represent the typical concentration (or value) of each parameter expected to be found in stormwater. Screening values that exceed these benchmarks may be indicative of pollution and/or illicit discharges.

6.3.1 Follow on Priority Ranking of Outfalls / Interconnections

The Town will update and re-prioritize the initial outfall and interconnection rankings based on information gathered during dry weather screening. The rankings will be updated periodically as dry weather screening information becomes available but will be completed within three (3) years of the effective date of the permit (July 1, 2021).

Outfalls/interconnections where relevant information was found indicating sewer input to the MS4 or sampling results indicating sewer input are highly likely to contain illicit discharges from sanitary sources will be ranked at the top of the High Priority Outfalls category for investigation. Other outfalls and interconnections may be re-ranked based on any new information from the dry weather screening. All other outfalls will be ranked accordingly based on the levels found for the indicators shown in **Table 6**.

Table 6. Water Quality Sampling Criteria

Indicator	EPA Water Quality Standard	Benchmark: Illicit Discharge Likely	Benchmark: Illicit Discharge Unlikely	Instrumentation	
E. coli (Class B waters)	class B bathing season shall not exceed 126		< 1000 colonies/100 ml	Samples are taken in the field and	
Enterococci (Class SB waters)	104 cfu/100 ml The geometric mean of the five most recent samples taken during the same bathing season shall not exceed 35 colonies per 100 ml and no single sample taken during the bathing season shall exceed 104 colonies per 100 ml	≥ 1000 colonies/100 ml	< 1000 colonies/100 ml	analyzed at a local laboratory	
Surfactants (as MBAS)	>0.25 mg/l (field kits) 0.1 mg/l (lab)	≥ 0.25 mg/l	< 0.25 mg/l	MBAS Test Kit (e.g. CHEMetrics K-9400)	
Ammonia (NH ₃)	> 0.5 mg/l	≥ 1.0 mg/l	< 1.0 mg/l	NH₃ Test Kit (e.g. CHEMetrics K- 1510)	
Total Residual Chlorine	>0.02 mg/l (detectable levels per the 2016 MS4 Permit)	See note below.	See note below.	Total Chlorine Test Kit (e.g. CHEMetrics K- 2504)	
Temperature	-	> Air Temperature and < 54°	≤ Air Temperature and ≥ 54°	Thermometer	
рН	-	≥ 9.0 or <u><</u> 6.3	< 9.0 or > 6.3	pH Meter	

Note: Detectable total residual chlorine will require additional investigation of the outfall and catchment area to determine the likelihood of an illicit discharge. The presence of Chlorine can affect other outfall screening parameters and result in a loss of data accuracy. Additionally, the presence of chlorine may indicate and upstream watermain break, pool discharge, firefighting activity, hydrant flushing, etc. and should be investigated by means of a windshield survey.

7 CATCHMENT INVESTIGATIONS

Once stormwater outfalls with evidence of illicit discharges have been identified, various methods can be used to trace the source of the potential discharge within the outfall catchment area. Catchment investigation techniques include but are not limited to review of maps, historic plans, and records; manhole observation; dry and wet weather sampling; video inspection; smoke testing; and dye testing. This section outlines a systematic procedure to investigate outfall catchments to trace the source of potential illicit discharges. All data collected as part of the catchment investigations will be recorded and reported in each annual report.

7.1 System Vulnerability Factors

The DPW will review relevant mapping and historic plans and records to identify areas within the catchment with higher potential for illicit connections. The following information will be reviewed:

- Plans related to the construction of the drainage network
- Plans related to the construction of the sewer drainage network
- Prior work on storm drains or sewer lines
- Board of Health or other municipal data on septic systems
- Complaint records related to SSOs
- Septic system breakouts.

Based on the review of this information, the presence of any of the following **System Vulnerability Factors (SVFs)** will be identified for each catchment:

- History of SSO's
- Common or Twin Invert manholes
- Common trench constructions
- Storm / Sewer crossings, where Sewer pipe is above Storm pipe
- Sanitary lines with underdrains
- Surcharging sewers or backups
- Areas formerly served by a combined system
- Sanitary infrastructure defects
- Dated Sewer / Storm infrastructure (>40 years)
- Septic with poor soils or water table separation
- History of Board of Health actions addressing septic failure.

A SVF inventory will be documented for each catchment and, retained in **Appendix D** as part of this IDDE Plan, and included in the annual report.

7.2 Dry Weather Manhole Inspections

The Town will implement a dry weather storm drain network investigation that involves systematically and progressively observing, sampling and evaluating key junction manholes in the MS4 to determine the approximate location of suspected illicit discharges or SSOs.

The DPW will be responsible for implementing the dry weather manhole inspection program and making updates as necessary. Infrastructure information will be incorporated into the storm system map, and catchment delineations will be refined based on the field investigation, where necessary. The SVF inventory will also be updated based on information obtained during the field investigations, where necessary.

Several important terms related to the dry weather manhole inspection program are defined by the MS4 Permit as follows:

- **Junction Manhole** is a manhole or structure with two or more inlets accepting flow from two or more MS4 alignments. Manholes with inlets solely from private storm drains, individual catch basins, or both are not considered junction manholes for these purposes.
- Key Junction Manholes are those junction manholes that can represent one or more junction manholes without compromising adequate implementation of the illicit discharge program. Adequate implementation of the illicit discharge program would not be compromised if the exclusion of a particular junction manhole as a key junction manhole would not affect the permittee's ability to determine the possible presence of an upstream illicit discharge. A permittee may exclude a junction manhole located upstream from another located in the immediate vicinity or that is serving a drainage alignment with no potential for illicit connections.

For all catchments identified for investigation, during dry weather, field crews will systematically inspect **key junction manholes** for evidence of illicit discharges. This program involves progressive inspection and sampling at manholes in the storm drain network to isolate and eliminate illicit discharges.

The manhole inspection methodology will be conducted in one of two ways (or a combination of both):

- By working progressively up from the outfall and inspecting key junction manholes along the way, or
- By working progressively down from the upper parts of the catchment toward the outfall.

For most catchments, manhole inspections will proceed from the outfall moving up into the system.

However, the decision to move up or down the system depends on the nature of the drainage system and the surrounding land use and the availability of information on the catchment and drainage system. Moving up the system can begin immediately when an illicit discharge is detected at an outfall, and only a map of the storm drain system is required. Moving down the system requires more advance preparation and reliable drainage system information on the upstream segments of the storm drain system but may be more efficient if the sources of illicit discharges are believed to be located in the upstream portions of the catchment area. Once a manhole inspection methodology has been selected, investigations will continue systematically through the catchment.

Inspection of key junction manholes will proceed as follows:

- 1. Manholes will be opened and inspected for visual and olfactory evidence of illicit connections. A sample field inspection form is provided in **Appendix C.**
- 2. If flow is observed, a sample will be collected and analyzed at a minimum for ammonia, chlorine, and surfactants. Field kits can be used for these analyses. Sampling and analysis will be in accordance with procedures outlined in **Section 6**. Additional indicator sampling may assist in determining potential sources (e.g., bacteria for sanitary flows, conductivity to detect tidal backwater, etc.).
- Where sampling results or visual or olfactory evidence indicate potential illicit discharges or SSOs, the area draining to the junction manhole will be flagged for further upstream manhole investigation and/or isolation and confirmation of sources.
- 4. Subsequent key junction manhole inspections will proceed until the location of suspected illicit discharges or SSOs can be isolated to a pipe segment between two manholes.
- 5. If no evidence of an illicit discharge is found, catchment investigations will be considered complete upon completion of key junction manhole sampling.

7.3 Wet Weather Outfall Sampling

Where a minimum of one (1) SVF is identified based on previous information or the catchment investigation, a wet weather investigation must also be conducted at the associated outfall. Wet weather investigations will occur concurrently with catchment area investigations, and as such must be completed by the end of the 10-year IDDE timeframe set by the EPA (refer to **Figure 2**). The DPW will be responsible for implementing the wet weather outfall sampling program and making updates as necessary.

Outfalls will be inspected and sampled under wet weather conditions, to the extent necessary, to determine whether wet weather-induced high flows in sanitary sewers or high groundwater in areas served by septic systems result in discharges of sanitary flow to the MS4.

Wet weather outfall sampling will proceed as follows:

- At least one wet weather sample will be collected at the outfall for the same parameters required during dry weather screening.
- 2. Wet weather sampling will occur during or after a storm event of sufficient depth or intensity to produce a stormwater discharge at the outfall. There is no specific rainfall amount that will trigger sampling, although minimum storm event intensities that are likely to trigger sanitary sewer interconnections are preferred. To the extent feasible, sampling should occur during the spring (March through June) when groundwater levels are relatively high.

- 3. If wet weather outfall sampling indicates a potential illicit discharge, then additional wet weather source sampling will be performed, as warranted, or source isolation and confirmation procedures will be followed as described in **Section 7.4**.
- 4. If wet weather outfall sampling does not identify evidence of illicit discharges, and no evidence of an illicit discharge is found during dry weather manhole inspections, catchment investigations will be considered complete.

7.4 Source Isolation and Confirmation

Once the source of an illicit discharge is approximated between two manholes, more detailed investigation techniques will be used to isolate and confirm the source of the illicit discharge. The following methods may be used in isolating and confirming the source of illicit discharges

- Sandbagging
- Smoke Testing
- Dye Testing
- CCTV/Video Inspections
- Optical Brightener Monitoring
- IDDE Canines

These methods are described in the sections below.

Public notification is an important aspect of a detailed source investigation program. Prior to smoke testing, dye testing, or TV inspections, the DPW will notify property owners in the affected area. Smoke testing notification will include door hanger/residential flyer notifications for single family homes, businesses and building lobbies for multi-family dwellings.

7.4.1 Sandbagging

This technique can be particularly useful when attempting to isolate intermittent illicit discharges or those with very little perceptible flow. The technique involves placing sandbags or similar barriers (e.g., caulking, weirs/plates, or other temporary barriers) within outlets to manholes to form a temporary dam that collects any intermittent flows that may occur. Sandbags are typically left in place for 48 hours and should only be installed when dry weather is forecast. If flow has collected behind the sandbags/barriers after 48 hours, it can be assessed using visual observations or by sampling. If no flow collects behind the sandbag, the upstream pipe network can be ruled out as a source of the intermittent discharge. Finding appropriate durations of dry weather and the need for multiple trips to each manhole makes this method both time-consuming and somewhat limiting.

7.4.2 Smoke Testing

Smoke testing involves injecting non-toxic smoke into drain lines and noting the emergence of smoke from sanitary sewer vents in illegally connected buildings or from cracks and leaks in the system itself. Typically, a smoke bomb or smoke generator is used to inject the smoke into the system at a catch basin or manhole and air is then forced through the system. Test personnel are placed in areas where there are suspected illegal connections or cracks/leaks, noting any escape of smoke (indicating an illicit connection

or damaged storm drain infrastructure). It is important when using this technique to make proper notifications to area residents and business owners as well as local police and fire departments.

If the initial test of the storm drain system is unsuccessful then a more thorough smoke-test of the sanitary sewer lines can also be performed. Unlike storm drain smoke tests, buildings that do not emit smoke during sanitary sewer smoke tests may have problem connections and may also have sewer gas venting inside, which is hazardous.

It should be noted that smoke may cause minor irritation of respiratory passages. Residents with respiratory conditions may need to be monitored or evacuated from the area of testing altogether to ensure safety during testing.

7.4.3 Dye Testing

Dye testing involves flushing non-toxic dye into plumbing fixtures such as toilets, showers, and sinks and observing nearby storm drains and sewer manholes as well as stormwater outfalls for the presence of the dye. Similar to smoke testing, it is important to inform local residents and business owners. Police, fire, and local public health staff should also be notified prior to testing in preparation of responding to citizen phone calls concerning the dye and their presence in local surface waters.

A team of two or more people is needed to perform dye testing (ideally, all with two-way radios). One person is inside the building, while the others are stationed at the appropriate storm sewer and sanitary sewer manholes (which should be opened) and/or outfalls. The person inside the building adds dye into a plumbing fixture (i.e., toilet or sink) and runs a sufficient amount of water to move the dye through the plumbing system. The person inside the building then radios to the outside crew that the dye has been dropped, and the outside crew watches for the dye in the storm sewer and sanitary sewer, recording the presence or absence of the dye.

The test can be relatively quick (about 30 minutes per test), effective (results are usually definitive), and inexpensive. Dye testing is best used when the likely source of an illicit discharge has been narrowed down to a few specific houses or businesses.

7.4.4 CCTV/Video Inspection

Another method of source isolation involves the use of mobile video cameras that are guided remotely through stormwater drain lines to observe possible illicit discharges. IDDE program staff can review the videos and note any visible illicit discharges. While this tool is both effective and usually definitive, it can be costly and time consuming when compared to other source isolation techniques.

7.4.5 Optical Brightener Monitoring

Optical brighteners are fluorescent dyes that are used in detergents and paper products to enhance their appearance. The presence of optical brighteners in surface waters or dry weather discharges suggests there is a possible illicit discharge or insufficient removal through adsorption in nearby septic systems or wastewater treatment. Optical brightener monitoring can be done in two ways. The most common, and least expensive, methodology involves placing a cotton pad in a wire cage and securing it in a pipe, manhole, catch basin, or inlet to capture intermittent dry weather flows. The pad is retrieved at a later date and placed under UV light to determine the presence/absence of brighteners during the monitoring period. A second methodology uses handheld fluorometers to detect optical brighteners in water sample collected from outfalls or ambient surface waters. Use of a fluorometer, while more quantitative, is typically more costly and is not as effective at isolating intermittent discharges as other source isolation techniques.

7.4.6 IDDE Canines

Dogs specifically trained to smell human related sewage are becoming a cost-effective way to isolate and identify sources of illicit discharges. While not widespread at the moment, the use of IDDE canines is growing as is their accuracy. The use of IDDE canines is not recommended as a standalone practice for source identification; rather it is recommended as a tool to supplement other conventional methods, such as dye testing, in order to fully verify sources of illicit discharges.

7.5 Illicit Discharge Removal

When the specific source of an illicit discharge is identified, the Town will exercise its authority as necessary to require its removal. The annual report will include the status of IDDE investigation and removal activities including the following information for each confirmed source:

- The location of the discharge and its source(s)
- A description of the discharge
- The method of discovery
- Date of discovery
- Date of elimination, mitigation or enforcement action OR planned corrective measures and a schedule for completing the illicit discharge removal
- Estimate of the volume of flow removed.

7.5.1 Confirmatory Outfall Screening

Within one (1) year of removal of all identified illicit discharges within a catchment area, confirmatory outfall or interconnection screening will be conducted. The confirmatory screening will be conducted in dry weather unless System Vulnerability Factors have been identified, in which case both dry weather and wet weather confirmatory screening will be conducted. If confirmatory screening indicates evidence of additional illicit discharges, the catchment will be scheduled for additional investigation.

7.6 Ongoing Outfall Screening

Upon completion of all catchment investigations and illicit discharge removal and confirmation (if necessary), each outfall or interconnection will be re-prioritized for screening and scheduled for ongoing screening once every five (5) years. Ongoing screening will consist of dry weather screening and sampling consistent with the procedures described in **Section 6.2** of this plan. Ongoing wet weather screening and sampling will also be conducted at outfalls where wet weather screening was required due to System Vulnerability Factors and will be conducted in accordance with the procedures described in **Section 7.3**. All sampling results will be reported in the annual report.

8 TRAINING

Annual IDDE training will be made available to all employees involved in the IDDE program. This training will at a minimum include information on how to identify illicit discharges and SSOs and may also include additional training specific to the functions of particular personnel and their function within the framework of the IDDE program. Training records will be maintained in **Appendix E**. The frequency and type of training will be included in the annual report.

9 PROGRESS REPORTING

The progress and success of the IDDE program will be evaluated on an annual basis. The evaluation will be documented in the annual report and will include the following indicators of program progress:

- Number of SSOs and illicit discharges identified and removed
- Number and percent of total outfall catchments served by the MS4 evaluated using the catchment investigation procedure
- Number of dry weather outfall inspections/screenings
- Number of wet weather outfall inspections/sampling events, and updated inventory of catchment areas with System Vulnerability Factors
- Number of enforcement notices issued
- All dry weather and wet weather screening and sampling results
- Estimate of the volume of sewage removed, as applicable
- Number of employees trained annually.

The success of the IDDE program will be measured by the IDDE activities completed within the required permit timelines.

APPENDIX A

Sanitary Sewer Overflow (SSO) Inventory

Inventory on file at Saugus DPW

APPENDIX B Outfall Inventory and Ranking

Town of Saugus, Massachusetts Stormwater Master Plan Outfalls Inventory List



ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTVDE	SEALMETHOD	\A/AII	CONTAM	COMMENT
	Natikitig	Outrail Type	Iviap Tile	STREET/EGEATION	Necelving Water	ACCESSITE	SLALIVILTITOD	WALL_IVIAT	CONTAIN	DISCHARGE FROM CONTAMINATED CB, ASSUME
79	Problem	MS4	F2	Bennett Ave		PIPE	NONE	NONE	YES	CONTAMINATED, PIC BENNETT AVE 1
149	High Priority	MS4	E2	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	NONE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO SWAMP AREA, PIC HERITAGE LN 5
197	High Priority	Culvert	E1	Sycamore Ln	Stream Unnamed	NONE	NONE	NONE	NO	36" PIPE DISCHARGING TO BROOK
301	High Priority	MS4	В3	Spring St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	LOTS OF	UNSURE IF OUTFALL WAS INSPECTED
351	High Priority	MS4	F2	Lynn Fells Pkwy		NONE	NONE	UNK	UNK	PIC LYNN FELLS 1
396	High Priority	MS4	E4	Jane Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO BROOK HEADING TOWARD CENTRAL ST., PIC JANE
417	High Priority	MS4	E3	Susan Ln	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC SUSAN DR 1
451	High Priority	MS4	E3	Oak Point Rd	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	FLARED END SECTION ON END OF PIPE, PIC OAK POINT RD 1
513	High Priority	MS4	A3	Stillings Rd		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL TO POND, PIC STILLNGS RD 3
548	High Priority	MS4	В3	Patel Dr	Hawkes Brook	2 PIPES	NONE	CC	NO	2 24" RCP PIPES WITH CC HEADWALL
849	High Priority	MS4	F4	Bridge St	Saugus River	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL, COULD NOT FIND OUTFALL ALONG RIVER,
	High Priority	MS4	G4	Riverbank Rd	Saugus River	UNK	NONE	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT AS HOMES HAVE FENCED
856	High Priority	MS4	G4	Riverbank Rd	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT
950	High Priority	MS4	G4	Pearson St	Saugus River	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, SWAMP AREA WITH HIGH
1014	High Priority	MS4	G5	Oakridge Dr	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	STONE	NO	LARGE STONE HEADWALL, FLOWING AT TIME, TEST TAKEN
1305	High Priority	MS4	B2	Water St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC WATER ST 2
1336	High Priority	MS4	B2	Water St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC WATER ST 6
1357	High Priority	MS4	F4	Pillings Rd	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC PILLINGS RD 1
1407	High Priority	MS4	E3	Marshalls	Crystal Pond Brook	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	PIC FOREST 2
1502	High Priority	MS4	E5	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1507	High Priority	MS4	E5	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1515	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				12" CC & STONE HEADWALL
1519	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1534	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1543	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				HEADWALL
	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				CC HEADWALL
1556	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1566	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1572	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1579	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1585	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1592	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1597	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1600	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1608	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				GRANITE HEADWALL
	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Overland	UNK				CC HEADWALL
1653	High Priority	MS4	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	UNDER LARGE ROCKS, PIC ELM ST 2
1663	High Priority	MS4	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	СС	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC ELM ST 4
1664	High Priority	MS4	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC ELM ST 5
	High Priority	MS4	B2	Water St	0	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WATER ST 7
	High Priority	MS4	B2	Water St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	PIC WATER ST 8
	High Priority	MS4	В3	Walnut St	Hawkes Brook	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC WALNUT ST 1
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ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL_MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
1810	High Priority	MS4	F4	Central St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC CENTRAL ST 3
1816	High Priority	MS4	E1	Hickory Ln	Stream Unnamed	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC SYCAMORE 2
1832	High Priority	MS4	E2	McLean Rd	Crystal Pond Brook	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LYNN FELLS 3
1848	High Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	FROM CHECKPLOTS REVIEW
1880	High Priority	MS4	F4	Central St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC CENTRAL ST 4
1882	High Priority	MS4	F4	Appleton St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC CENTRAL ST 5
1883	High Priority	MS4	В3	Walnut St	Hawkes Brook	BOX CULV	NONE	STONE	NO	BOX CULVERT DISCHARGE POINT, PIC WATER ST CULVERT
2165	High Priority	MS4	14	Pemberly Dr	Fiske Brook	outfall	NONE	CC	NO	
2195	High Priority	MS4	14	Hurd Ave	Fiske Brook	outfall	NONE	СС	NO	OUTFALL SHOWN ON PLANS
2200	High Priority	MS4	14	School St	Fiske Brook	16 in. r	NONE	none	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, BEHIND HOUSE 37 SCHOOL ST
2224	High Priority	MS4	13	Meadowbrook Rd		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	<null></null>
2255	High Priority	MS4	G4	Floyd St	Saugus River	None Sel	None Sel	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, SNAPPED TO GPS POINT
2340	High Priority	MS4	G3	Conrad Ter	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2559	High Priority	MS4	H4	Stanton St	Saugus River	None Sel	NONE	none	NO	
2614	High Priority	MS4	J5	Eastern Ave		None Sel	NONE	STONE	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
2619	High Priority	MS4	J5	Tuscan Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2630	High Priority	MS4	Н3	Vine St	Fiske Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL, MAY CONNECT UNDER CULVERT
2661	High Priority	MS4	15	Ekstrand Rd		None Sel	NONE	СС	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, REINSPECT OUTFALL, HEADWALL
2674	High Priority	MS4	J5	Barstow St		None Sel	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, OVERGROWN REINSPECT
2909	High Priority	MS4	J5	Saugus Ave		UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT AS LOCATION IS UNKNOWN
2949	High Priority	MS4	13	Farington Ave		UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED LOCATION OF OUTFALL
	High Priority	MS4	C3	Walnut St	Hawkes Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	<null></null>
2957	High Priority	MS4	E3	Marshalls	Crystal Pond Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL
	High Priority	Culvert	F2	Main St	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	<null></null>
	High Priority	Culvert	Н3	Vine St	Fiske Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD
	High Priority	MS4	14	Central St	Fiske Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD
	High Priority	MS4	14	Pelham St	Fiske Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT
3247	High Priority	MS4	H5	Winter St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION BASED ON PLANS,
	High Priority	MS4	H5	Johnson St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION BASED ON GPS
	High Priority	MS4	H5	Johnson St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION INFERRED, BEST GUESS,
	High Priority	MS4	H5	Stocker St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT AS THIS SEEMS TO BE THE
	High Priority	MS4	15	Spencer Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT
	High Priority	MS4	16	Ballard St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, REINSPECT LOCATION
	High Priority	MS4	J5	Tuscan Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, (HEADWALL) LOCATION
	High Priority	MS4	G4	Jasper St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3560	High Priority	MS4	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL
	High Priority	MS4	Н3	Davis Ct	Fiske Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION INFERRED FROM
3611	High Priority	MS4	G5	Hamilton St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, STONE
	High Priority	MS4	G4	Morris Pl	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, LOCATION INFERRED FROM PLAN DATA, FIELD STONE MASONRY
3650	High Priority	MS4	H5	Hamilton St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, INFERRED FROM ORTHO,

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ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water		SEALMETHOD	_		
3708	High Priority	MS4	H4	Winter St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PROPOSED PLANS,
3784	High Priority	MS4	16	Ballard St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT
3819	High Priority	MS4	H5	Winter St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION BASED ON DATA FROM
3833	High Priority	MS4	G4	Hamilton St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	CHECKPLOT REVIEW
3848	High Priority	MS4	G4	Pleasant St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION
3879	High Priority	MS4	H5	Hamilton St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3881	High Priority	MS4	15	Ballard St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION, COULD NOT SEE DUE TO HIGH TIDE
3891	High Priority	MS4	H4	Victoria St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3938	High Priority	MS4	К4	Aberdeen Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3945	High Priority	MS4	J4	Saugus Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	POSSIBLE OUTFALL ASSUMED LOCATION
3957	High Priority	MS4	15	Spenser Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
60	Low Priority	MS4	E2	Laurine Rd	Crystal Pond Brook	EXPOSED	NONE	CORR AL	NO	EXPOSED PIPE INTO BROOK, PIC LAURINE RD 2
67	Low Priority	MS4	E2	McLean Rd	Crystal Pond Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	OUTFALL TO BROOK THROUGH PRIVATE PROPERTY, PIC MCLEAN
144	Low Priority	MS4	E2	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	NONE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTLET ALONG SIDE CULVERT INTO BROOK, PIC HERITAGE LN 4
252	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Hobson St	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO BROOK, PIC GREAT WOODS RD 3
263	Low Priority	Upland	В3	Bow St	Overland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC BOW ST 1
287	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Aldo Dr	Unnamed Wetland	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, SWALE IN AREA ASSUMED
289	Low Priority	MS4	B4	Hawkes St	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAWKES ST 1
293	Low Priority	Upland	В3	Walden Ave		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WALDEN AVE 1
304	Low Priority	MS4	В3	Spring Ln	Hawkes Brook	PIPE	NONE	CCBLK	NO	UNDER A LARGE STOCKPILE OD STICKS AND BRANCHES, CCBLK
307	Low Priority	MS4	В3	Manter Ct	Hawkes Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FOUND ROCKS FROM WHICH
325	Low Priority	Upland	H2	Cheever Ave		PIPE	NONE	CCBLK	NO	LARGE CC BLOCK HEADWALL, PIC MAGNOLIA WAY 5
326	Low Priority	Upland	F1	Sweetwater St	Overland	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC SWEETWATER ST 1
330	Low Priority	MS4	F1	St James Rd	Unnamed Wetland	NONE	NONE	UNK	UNK	PIC ST JAMES 1
341	Low Priority	Upland	E1	Golden Hills Rd	Overland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC GOLDEN HILLS RD 1
429	Low Priority	Upland	E3	Oak Point Rd		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC OAKPOINT RD 1
454	Low Priority	Culvert	E4	Lake St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	TRASH	GRATE ON FACE OF HEADWALL, PIC LAKE ST 1
456	Low Priority	MS4	E4	Lake Ave	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC OAKPOINT RD 2
483	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Great Woods Rd	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO BROOK THAT DISCHARGES FROM UPSTREAM
484	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Great Woods Rd	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL OUTFALL WHICH CREATES A BROOK THAT RUNS
491	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Great Woods Rd	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC GREATWOODS RD 4
493	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Great Woods Rd	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC GREAT WOODS RD 5
498	Low Priority	Upland	C4	Woodland Ave	Overland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WOODLAND AVE 1
547	Low Priority	MS4	В3	Patel Dr		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL TO BROOK
599	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Lamplighter Way		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, UNSURE OF FLOW DIRECTION UNDER ROAD, PIC
604	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Lamplighter Way		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL AS PART OF BOX CULVERT UNDER ROAD, PIC
608	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Hammersmith Dr		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL AS PART OF BOX CULVERT UNDER ROAD, PI
612	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Hammersmith Dr		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL ACTING AS CULVERT UNDER ROAD
615	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Hammersmith Dr		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL AS PART OF CULVERT UNDER ROAD, PIC
626	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 8
634	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	STEEP RIPRAP SLOPE BEHIND HOME, NO OUTFALL FOUND, BUT
657	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 2
666	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 3
668	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 4
000	LOW I HOHLY	IVIJ 4	OI	Halline Silliui Di	Jilliaillea Wetlaila	LIFL	INOINL	NOINL	110	LIC TICHMINIEROWITH DICT

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ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
674	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 5
692	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH DR 6
693	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	NONE	NONE	CC	NO	PIC HAMMERSMITH 7
697	Low Priority	MS4	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC CHADWICK CIR 1
703	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Blacksmith Way	Unnamed Wetland	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	FOUND SOURCE OF FLOW, COMING FROM UNDER LARGE
709	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Blacksmith Way	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	UNK	NO	PIC BLACKSMITH 3
703	LOW FIIOTILY	10134		Diacksillitii Way	Officiallied Wetland	TLAKEDE		ONK	INO	FIC BLACKSIVIITI 3
741	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Long Pond Dr		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAGNOLIA WAY 2
749	Low Priority	MS4	H2	Viking Rd		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAGNOLIA WAY 1
814	Low Priority	Upland	C4	Birch Pond Dr		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	PIC BIRCH WOOD 3, EXITS INTO A SWALE
884	Low Priority	Upland	E4	Palmetto St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC PALMETTO ST 3
890	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Hull Dr	Saugus River	FLARED E	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC HULL DR 1
894	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Pranker Rd	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC PRANKER 1
903	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Jones Dr	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC JONES DR 1
914	Low Priority	MS4	F3	Appleton St	Prankers Pond	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	INSIDE FENCE ON ADJOINING PROPERTY
923	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Summer Dr	Shute Brook	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC SUMMER DR 2
927	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Summer Dr	Shute Brook	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC SUMMER DR 1
973	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Longwood Ave	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO DETENTION BASIN, PIC APPLEWOOD LN 3
981	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Kayla Dr	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LISA LN 1
985	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Kayla Dr	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LISA LN 2
993	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Lisa Ln	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LISA LN 3
997	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Longwood Ave	Unnamed Wetland	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	MOSTLY BURIED, APPLEWOOD LN 2
1100	Low Priority	MS4	В3	Stillings Rd	Waterbody Unnamed	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	NEARLY SUBMERGED, PICTURE STILLINGS RD 1
1104	Low Priority	MS4	D3	Sanders Dr	Waterbody Unnamed	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC ELLISON ST 1
1110	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Hammersmith Dr	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HEATHERWOOD CIR 1
1111	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC HAMMERSMITH 9
1114	Low Priority	MS4	E1	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HERITAGE LN 1, OUTFALL TO BASIN
1115		MS4	E1	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC HERITAGE LN 2, OUTFALL TO BASIN
1118	, i	Upland	E2	Ledgewood Rd	Stream ormanica	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LEDGEWOOD RD 1
1141	Low Priority	MS4	F1	Sweetwater St	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	FOUND PIPE COMPLETELY BURIED UNDER ROCKS, DUG OUT FOR PICTURE, PIC SWEETWATER ST 2
1145	Low Priority	Culvert	F2	Oaklandvale Ave		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC OAKLANDVALE 1
1151	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Oaklandvale Ave		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC OAKLANDVALE 2
1156	-	MS4	C4	Walden Pond Ave	Stream Unnamed	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WALDEN POND AVE 1
	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Mary Line Ter	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MARYLOU TER 1
	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Great Woods Rd	Unnamed Wetland	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL WITH SCREEN, PIC GREATWOODS RD 6
	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Woodland Ave	Overland	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LAURA LEE 2
	Low Priority	Upland	D1	Main St	Overland	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC MAIN ST 2
	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Lynn Fells Pkwy	Overland	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC LYNN FELLS 2
	Low Priority	MS4	B3	Water St	Hawkes Brook	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC WATER ST 1
	Low Priority	MS4	B2	Water St	Hawkes DIOOK	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, MATER ST 5
	Low Priority	Upland	G3	Applewood Ln		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC APPLEWOOD LN 1
			B2	Homeland Cir		PIPE		STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL DISCHARGING TO SWALE
13//	Low Priority	Upland	DΖ	потпенана Си		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NU	STONE READWALL DISCHARGING TO SWALE

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Outrai	ls Inventory Lis								,	
ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL_MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
1381	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Breakheart Rd		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC BREAKHEART RD 1
1388	Low Priority	Upland	H2	Essex St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION INFERRED FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
1392	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Forest St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC FOREST 1
1468	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Central St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC CENTRAL ST 1
1488	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Central St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC CENTRAL ST 2
1560	Low Priority	Culvert	E4	Walnut St	Birch Pond	UNK				
1628	Low Priority	MS4	D4	Walnut St	Overland	UNK				ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, HEADWALL, NOT VISIBLE
1652	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL THAT IS PART OF BRIDGE, PIC ELM ST 1
1655	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC ELM ST 3
1688	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	BAR SCREEN 1/2 BLOCKED, PIC MAIN ST 3
1699	Low Priority	Upland	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC MAIN ST 5
1700	Low Priority	Upland	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC MAIN ST 6
1701	Low Priority	Upland	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC MAIN ST 4
1715	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Main St	Intermittent Stream	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC MAIN ST 8
1716	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Main St	Intermittent Stream	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIPE BADLY RUSTED AND BROKEN UP, PI MAIN ST 9
1718	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Main St	Intermittent Stream	DOUBLE F	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAIN ST 10
1725	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAIN ST 11
1767	Low Priority	MS4	A3	Walnut St		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC WALNUT ST 2
1812	Low Priority	Upland	E2	Ledgewood Rd		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC LEDGEWOOD RD 2
1813	Low Priority	Upland	E2	Fox Hollow Dr		PIPE	NONE	CCBLK	NO	PIC LEDGEWOOD RD 3
1826	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Blacksmith Way	Stevens Pond	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC BLACKSMITH 1
1827	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Water Wheel Ln	Stevens Pond	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC BLACKSMITH 4
1830	Low Priority	Culvert	C4	Walden Pond Ave	Stream Unnamed	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WALDEN POND AVE 2
1835	Low Priority	Culvert	F2	Gilway St		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	PIPE DISCHARGES INTO CULVERT, PIC GILWAY 1
1841	Low Priority	Culvert	F2	Lewis O'Gray Dr		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION INFERRED FROM ORTHOPHOTO,
1850	Low Priority	Culvert	F1	Lynn Fells Pkwy	Crystal Pond Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION INFERRED FROM ORTHOPHOTO,
1853	Low Priority	MS4	G2	Tanglewood Dr	Intermittent Stream	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
1874	Low Priority	Culvert	F1	Howard St	Overland	PIPE	NONE	СС	NO	PIC HOWARD 1
1877	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAIN ST 12
1879	Low Priority	MS4	F2	Main St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	PIC MAIN ST 13
1952	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Eastern Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION AT GPS POINT, REINSPECT
2028	Low Priority	Upland	15	Grandview Ave Ext		None Sel	NONE	STONE	NO	

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2227 Low Priority	Outrai	lls Inventory Lis	τ								
216 Low Priority	ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL_MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
2224 Low Priority	2067	Low Priority	Upland	15	Atlantic Ave		None Sel	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
2232 Comprising	2161	Low Priority	MS4	14	Pemberly Dr	Fiske Brook	outfall	NONE	СС	NO	
2237 Low Priority	2214	Low Priority	MS4	13	Yale Ave		8 in. co	NONE	none	NO	<null></null>
2246 Low Priority	2233	Low Priority	MS4	13	Brookfield Ln		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	PIC 117
2255 Low Priority	2237	Low Priority	MS4	H4	Robinson St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL
2288 Low Priority	2246	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Emory St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2392 Low Priority	2253	Low Priority	MS4		Winter St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2318 Low Priority	2288	Low Priority		G3	Talbot St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2388 Low Priority	2292	Low Priority	MS4		Talbot St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE IF OUTFALL WAS FOUND BY FIELD
2373 Low Priority	2318	Low Priority					None Sel	NONE		NO	
2539 Low Priority			MS4				None Sel			NO	this is a cement pipe that flows in to wet lands
2539 Low Priority Upland 13 Lowes Parking Lot None Sel NONE CC NO	2373	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Emory St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2594 Low Priority	2377	Low Priority	MS4	Н3	Apple Ln	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2593 Low Priority MS4 G4 Emory St Shute Brook None Sel NONE None Sel NO ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT?	2539	Low Priority	Upland	J3	Lowes Parking Lot		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	
	2540	Low Priority	Upland	J3	Lowes Parking Lot		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	
2611 Low Priority Outlet JS	2593	Low Priority	MS4	G4	Emory St	Shute Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT?
2612 Low Priority MS4 J5 Eastern Ave None Sel NONE CC NO ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, ASSUMED EMPTIES INTO BROC 2615 Low Priority MS4 J5 Venice Ave None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2626 Low Priority MS4 J5 Naples Ave None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2627 Low Priority MS4 J5 Milan Ave None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2628 Low Priority Upland 13 Pleasant St UNK	2600	Low Priority	Upland	15	Glendale Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT TO FIND LOCATION
2652 Low Priority MS4 J5 Venice Ave None Sel NONE None Sel NO	2611	Low Priority	Outlet	J5	Eastern Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT AS LOCATION IS OVERGROWN
2662 Low Priority M54 J5 Naples Ave None Sel NONE None Sel NONE None Sel NORE NORE None Sel NORE NOR	2612	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Eastern Ave		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, ASSUMED EMPTIES INTO BROOK
2667 Low Priority MS4	2615	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Venice Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2811 Low Priority Upland 13 Pleasant St UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL UNSURE OF LOCATION APPROX 225FT UNFORT UNFORM	2662	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Naples Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	This outfall needs a hood because when the tide comes in the
2813 Low Priority MS4 G3 Talbot St Shute Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL NOT FOUND 2817 Low Priority MS4 I4 School St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL UNSURE OF LOCATION APPROX 225FT 2819 Low Priority MS4 I4 School St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE OF LOCATION 2821 Low Priority MS4 H3 Essex St Fiske Brook None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2924 Low Priority MS4 F2 Oaklandvale Ave UNK	2667	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Milan Ave		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	REINSPECT OUTFALL LOCATION
2817 Low Priority MS4 I4 School St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL UNSURE OF LOCATION APPROX 225FT 2819 Low Priority MS4 I4 School St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE OF LOCATION 2821 Low Priority MS4 H3 Essex St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK	2811	Low Priority	Upland	13	Pleasant St		UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	PIPE UNDER ROAD DIRECTLY TO STREAM
2819 Low Priority MS4 I4 School St Fiske Brook None Sel UNK UNK ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE OF LOCATION 2821 Low Priority MS4 H3 Essex St Fiske Brook None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2924 Low Priority MS4 F2 Oaklandvale Ave UNK	2813	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Talbot St	Shute Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	OUTFALL NOT FOUND
2821 Low Priority MS4 H3 Essex St Fiske Brook None Sel NONE None Sel NO 2924 Low Priority MS4 F2 Oaklandvale Ave UNK	2817	Low Priority	MS4	14	School St	Fiske Brook	None Sel	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL UNSURE OF LOCATION APPROX 225FT
2924 Low Priority MS4 F2 Oaklandvale Ave UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNK VNIII> 2937 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2940 Low Priority Culvert F2 Gilway St UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2945 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook VNIII> 2946 Low Priority Culvert H3 Vine St Fiske Brook VNIII> 2947 Low Priority Upland I3 Vine St Fiske Brook VNIII> 2948 Low Priority Upland I3 Crescent Ter VNIII> 2949 Low Priority Culvert I4 Knowles Ave VPIOrity Univert VNIII> 2940 Low Priority Culvert I3 Crescent Ter VNIII> 2950 Low Priority Culvert I3 Crescent Ter VNIII> 2950 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2951 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2952 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2953 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2954 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2955 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2956 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2957 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2958 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2959 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIII> 2950 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIIII> 2950 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave VNIIII	2819	Low Priority	MS4	14	School St	Fiske Brook	None Sel	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE OF LOCATION
2937 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNK VNIII> 2940 Low Priority Culvert F2 Gilway St UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2945 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook Null> Nu	2821		MS4	Н3	Essex St	Fiske Brook	None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2940 Low Priority Culvert F2 Gilway St UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2945 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook <null> <null> <null> <null> <null> <null> <null> STREAM LOCATION BASED ON COMMENTS FROM DRAIN PIPE AND STREAM LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL Fiske Brook SNUII> <null> <null> <null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD CONTROL FISKE BROOK SNUII> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA SUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA SUMED COUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA</null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null></null>		Low Priority	MS4	F2	Oaklandvale Ave		UNK			UNK	
2945 Low Priority Culvert E2 Laurine Rd Crystal Pond Brook UNK UNK UNK UNK VNIII> 2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook <null> 2947 Available Company Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook Crystal Pond Brook STREAM LOCATION BASED ON COMMENTS FROM DRAIN PIPE AND STREAM LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD COMPANY CUlvert H3 Vine St Fiske Brook (Null> 2948 Low Priority Upland I3 (Null> 2949 Low Priority Culvert I3 Crescent Ter (Null> 2950 Low Priority Culvert I3 Clifton Ave (Null></null>	2937	Low Priority	Culvert			Crystal Pond Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	
2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook	2940	Low Priority	Culvert	F2	Gilway St		UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	<null></null>
2946 Low Priority Culvert F1 Howard St Crystal Pond Brook <null> <null> <null> <null> STREAM LOCATION ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD 2971 Low Priority Upland I3</null></null></null></null>	2945	Low Priority	Culvert	E2	Laurine Rd	Crystal Pond Brook	UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	<null></null>
2971 Low Priority Upland I3	2946	Low Priority	Culvert	F1	Howard St	Crystal Pond Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	
2971 Low Priority Upland I3	2965	Low Priority	Culvert	Н3	Vine St	Fiske Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD
2990 Low Priority Outlet 14 Knowles Ave - <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PLAN DATA 2994 Low Priority Culvert 13 Clifton Ave <null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA</null></null></null></null></null></null></null>	2971	Low Priority	Upland	13	·		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD
2994 Low Priority Culvert 13 Clifton Ave < Null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA</null></null></null>	2978	Low Priority	Culvert	13	Crescent Ter		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP AND FIELD
	2990	Low Priority	Outlet	14	Knowles Ave	-	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PLAN DATA
3000 Low Priority Upland H3 Adams Ave Overland <null> <null> <null> <null> ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PLAN DATA.</null></null></null></null>	2994	Low Priority	Culvert	13	Clifton Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON BASEMAP DATA
	3000	Low Priority	Upland	H3	Adams Ave	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PLAN DATA,

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Outfall	s Inventory Lis	t								
ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL_MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
3008	Low Priority	Culvert	13	Tuttle St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION BASED ON PLAN
3311	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Naples Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT
3321	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Gates Rd		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3322	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Eastern Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT, LOCATIONS ASSUMED NEAR
									"	ASSUMED OUTFALL, REINSPECT, LOCATIONS ASSUMED NEAR
3323	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Eastern Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	EASTERN AVE / BROOK
										ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION INFERRED FROM PROPOSED
3428	Low Priority	Upland	J4	Ruby Rd		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	PLAN DATA, SHOWN AS HEADWALL W/ WINGWALLS
3438	Low Priority	MS4	G4	Central St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS
3442	Low Priority	MS4	G4	Emory Ct	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, D-226B SHOWS A 6" PIPE
3452	Low Priority	MS4	G4	Jasper St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL INTO DITCH FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
3453	Low Priority	MS4	G4	Aubern St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL INTO DITCH FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
3609	Low Priority	Culvert	G3	Talbot St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
3655	Low Priority	MS4	G3	Long St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PROPOSED PLANS,
3657	Low Priority	MS4	G3	McNaught Ln	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, LOCATION
3696	Low Priority	Upland	J3	Eustis St	Struce Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, COCATION ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, OUTLET INTO A
3715				Essex St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	1	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, OUTLET INTO A
3762	Low Priority	Upland MS4	J3 E1		First Dand	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
	Low Priority			Sweetwater St	First Pond				<null></null>	
3769	Low Priority	Culvert	F2	Milano Dr	0	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, SEE MILANO DR 1 PIC
3806	Low Priority	Upland	H3	Adams Ave	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	CHECKPLOTS REVIEW
3824	Low Priority	MS4	E1	Golden Hills Rd	First Pond	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	CHECKPLOT REVIEW
3847	Low Priority	MS4	F4	Manon Rd	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION
3866	Low Priority	Upland	F5	Cave Rock Rd	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3885	Low Priority	Upland	15	Glendale Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	CONC	<null></null>	<null></null>
3921	Low Priority	MS4	14	Brookfield Ln		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3922	Low Priority	Upland	H4	Harwick St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3937	Low Priority	MS4	K4	Aberdeen Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3946	Low Priority	MS4	J4	Saugus Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3951	Low Priority	Upland	J4	Ruby Rd		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION, SLOPE TOO STEEP TO GO DOWN
3954	Low Priority	MS4	C4	Mary Line Ter	Unnamed Wetland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
3962	Low Priority	Upland	J5	Harlow St	Official Welland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
		·								
3965	Low Priority	MS4	J5	Harlow St		NONE	NONE	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
318	Excluded	Excluded	H2	Viking Rd		UNK	UNK	UNK	UNK	OVERGROWN SLOPE WITHIN PILES OF YARD WASTE, COULD
369	Excluded	Outlet	D3	Sanders Dr	MS4	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	RCP FLARED END SECTION ON THE END OF 15" RCP
422	Excluded	Excluded	E3	Oak Point Rd		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	PIC SUSAN DR 2
505	Excluded	Outlet	D4	Hobson St	MS4	MULTIPLE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE BASIN OUTFALL WITH MANY PIPES DISCHARGING INTO
535	Excluded	Outlet	B3	Arrowhead Dr		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC ARROWHEAD DR 3
540	Excluded	Outlet	B3	Arrowhead Dr		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL THAT THEN FLOWS TOWARD INDIAN INTAKE, PICTURE
650	Excluded	Excluded	G1	Hammersmith Dr		UNK	NONE	UNK	UNK	COULD NOT FIND OUTFALL, RIPRAP SLOPE THAT IS
678	Excluded	Excluded	G2	Tanglewood Dr		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC TANGLEWOOD DR 1
760	Excluded	Excluded	H2	Magnolia Ave		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	P-IC ALTAMOUNT AVE 1
789	Excluded	Outlet	D4	Birch Pond Dr	MS4	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL TO DETENTION BASIN, PIC BIRCH WOOD 1
703	LACIUUEU	Outlet	υ4	טווכוו לטווע טו	14124	FIFE	INOINE	CC	INU	CONTRADAMENT TO DETERMINATION DASIN, PIC DIRCH WOOD I
798	Excluded	Outlet	D4	Birch Pond Dr	MS4	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL TO DETENTION BASIN, PIC BIRCH WOOD 2
820	Excluded	Culvert	F4	Elm St	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION

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	s inventory Lis			STREET !! OCATION!		1	CEALA SETUCE		LOONENA	0014145117
ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water		SEALMETHOD	_		
870	Excluded	Outlet	E4	Evergreen	MS4	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL OF CULVERT
879	Excluded	Culvert	F4	Marion Rd	Saugus River	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
905	Excluded	Excluded	F4	Carole Dr		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC CAROLE DR 1
910	Excluded	Excluded	F3	Anderson Way		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	JUST UNDER FENCE, PIC ANDERSON WAY 1
1108	Excluded	Outlet	D3	Sanders Dr	MS4	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	FLARED END TO BROOK THEN TO INTAKE. PIC SANDERS DR 3
1117	Excluded	Culvert	E1	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO SWAMP FROM BASIN
1126	Excluded	Outlet	E2	Nickole Cir	MS4	FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	OUTFALL TO BASIN, PIC NICKOLE CIR 1
1142	Excluded	Upland	E1	Lake Dam Rd	Overland	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC LAKE DAM RD 1
1143	Excluded	Upland	E1	Lake Dam Rd	Overland	PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	CC HEADWALL, PIC LAKE DAM RD 2
1149	Excluded	Culvert	F1	Edgehill Rd	Unnamed Wetland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
1160	Excluded	Excluded	C4	Laura Lee Cir		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC LAURA LEE 1
1166	Excluded	Outlet	D4	Hobson St	MS4	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	PIC HOBSON ST 1
1169	Excluded	Excluded	D1	Main St		PIPE	NONE	CC	NO	PIC MAIN ST 1
1327	Excluded	Excluded	B1	Water St		PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIPE BURIED, PIC WATER ST 3
1332	Excluded	Excluded	B1	Water St		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC WATER ST 4
1346	Excluded	Outlet	E4	Palmetto St	MS4	PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	PIC PALMETTO ST 1
1349	Excluded	Outlet	E4	Palmetto St	MS4	PIPE	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC PALMETTO ST 2
1352	Excluded	Culvert	H2	Long Pond Dr		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAGNOLIA WAY 3
1354	Excluded	Culvert	H2	Long Pond Dr		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	PIC MAGNOLIA WAY 4
1375	Excluded	Culvert	В3	Water St	Hawkes Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION INFERRED FROM ORTHOPHOTO, FIELD CREW DID NOT FIND CULVERT OUTFALL, REINSPECT
1424	Excluded	Excluded	H2	Essex St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	PIC ESSEX ST 1
1427	Excluded	Upland	H2	Essex St		PIPE	NONE	STONE	NO	STONE HEADWALL, PIC ESSEX ST 2
1852	Excluded	Culvert	G2	Tanglewood Dr	Intermittent Stream	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
1855	Excluded	Culvert	G1	Hammersmith Dr	Intermittent Stream	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, REINSPECT
1899	Excluded	Culvert	13	3rd St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION INFERRED FROM BASEMAP
2034	Excluded	Outlet	J5	Atlas Ave		pipe	NONE	СС	NO	
2072	Excluded	Outlet	14	Zamora St	-	pipe	NONE	STONE	NO	LOCATION APPROXIMATE
2317	Excluded	Excluded	Н3	Apple Ln		None Sel	NONE	none	NO	
2322	Excluded	Excluded	G3	John Aw Pearce Memorial Dr		None Sel	NONE	СС	NO	
2326	Excluded	Excluded	G3	John Aw Pearce Memorial Dr		None Sel	NONE	STONE	NO	
2524	Excluded	Excluded	Н3	Pennybrook Rd		None Sel	NONE	None Sel	NO	
2606	Excluded	Excluded	G3	. S, STOOK NA		None Sel	NONE	STONE	NO	
			l							
2818	Excluded	Excluded	14	Brookfield Ln		None Sel	UNK	UNK	UNK	ASSUMED OUTFALL, UNSURE OF LOCATION APPRX 70FT FROM

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Outrail	s Inventory Li	ST								
ID	Ranking	Outfall Type	Map Tile	STREET/LOCATION	Receiving Water	ACCESSTYPE	SEALMETHOD	WALL_MAT	CONTAM	COMMENT
2000							110115	00		
2900	Excluded	Culvert	13	Farington Ave		None Sel	NONE	CC	NO	
2939	Excluded	Excluded	C4	Laura Lee Cir		FLARED E	NONE	NONE	NO	
3194	Excluded	Outlet	J5	Gates Rd		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION
3196	Excluded	BMP	14	Zamora St	-	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PROPOSED PLAN
3197	Excluded	ВМР	14	Zamora St	-	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL, LOCATION BASED ON PROPOSED PLAN DATA, PLAN SHOW IT AS A FLARED END, REINSPECT
3205	Excluded	Outlet	H5	Martin St	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, ASSUMED END OF PIPE HAS
3220	Excluded	BMP	14		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3221	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3222	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3223	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3224	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3225	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3226	Excluded	BMP	15		BMP	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	8" PVC PERFORATED PIPES EMPTIES THE CATCH BASINS ALONG
3229	Excluded	Outlet	H5	Johnson St	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION INFERRED FROM
3458	Excluded	Culvert	G4	Jasper St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL INFERRED FROM PLANS
3604	Excluded	Excluded	F5	Fairmount Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, LOCATION BASED
3660	Excluded	Culvert	G3	Main St	Chuta Draok	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, SHOWN AS
3000	excluded	Culvert	GS	IVIAIII St	Shute Brook	<nui></nui>	<null></null>	<nuil></nuil>	<null></null>	EXISTING OUTFALL ON PLANS, REINSPECT
3661	Excluded	Culvert	G3	Main St	Shute Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PROPOSED PLANS, SHOWN AS
3752	Excluded	Culvert	В3	Patel Dr	Hawkes Brook	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL FROM PLANS, LOCATION INFERRED,
3781	Excluded	Excluded	13	Fay Ct		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED OUTFALL LOCATION, REINSPECT
3787	Excluded	Culvert	E1	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	<null></null>	<null></null>	CC	<null></null>	CHECKPLOT REVIEW
3812	Excluded	Outlet	F4	Sterling Ave	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3818	Excluded	Excluded	G5			<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION FROM CHECKPLOT REVIEW
3829	Excluded	Culvert	E2	Heritage Ln	Stream Unnamed	<null></null>	<null></null>	CC	<null></null>	CHECKPLOT REVIEW
3841	Excluded	Excluded	C1	Farm St		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	ASSUMED LOCATION
3888	Excluded	Outlet	H5	Martin St	Overland	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3948	Excluded	Excluded	K4	Saugus Ave		<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>
3967	Excluded	Outlet	J5	Harlow St		NONE	NONE	<null></null>	<null></null>	<null></null>

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APPENDIX C

Inspection Forms



Town of Saugus, MA Outfall Inspection Form



Outfall ID: Inspection By: Date: Time: Location: (Street Address, Intersection, Business) Watershed/Discharge Location: Time (hours) since last precipitation event:	Weather: Temperature: Photograph1: Photograph2: Last precipitation amount (inches):
1. Predominant Contributing Land Use	
\square Residential \square Commercial \square Industrial	☐ Open Space ☐ Other:
Describe any known industrial or commerical users in the	drainage area:
 2. Outfall Type ☐ Circular/Pipe ☐ Box Culvert ☐ Op 3. Outfall Material ☐ Reinforced Conc ☐ Corr.Metal 4. Outfall Size - Diameter (inches): 	pen Channel
5. Is there visable flow from the pipe? If yes, check all that apply, if not go to #11	
6. Color: ☐ Colorless ☐ Gray ☐ Red ☐ Green ☐	White \square Other:
7. Odor: None Musty Sewage Sour M	
8. Floatables: \square None \square Oily \square Sewage \square Su	ds Algae Scum Garbage Other
9. Deposits/Stains \square None \square Oils \square Corrosion \square	Sediment \square Rust \square Other:
10. Clarity \Box Clear \Box Cloudy \Box Muddy \Box Milky	\square Suspended Solids \square Other:
11. Absence of plant life surrounding conveyance structure (Y/N) - Description:	
12. Notable difference in plant life surrounding conveyance structure (Y/N) - Description:	

13. Estimated Flow (cfs)	
Estimated Flow: Channel Width (ft) x Water Depth (ft) x Water Velocity (ft) = Estimated Flow (cfs)	13a. Channel Width (ft): 13b. Water Depth (ft): 13c. Water Velocity (ft/s):
OR	
Estimated Flow: Time taken to fill a known volume = Estimated Flow (cfs)	13d. Volume of Container (cf): 13e. Time to fill container (sec):
14. Standing Water Present: Y/N	
15. If yes, location of standing water	☐ Inside Outfall ☐ Outside Outfall
16. Are there unusual piping or ditches that drain to the stormwater conveyance? Y/N (Description)17. Is there any overland flow visible from the discharge location? Y/N (Description)	
Sampling/Field Testing	LabID:
pH:	Enterococcus:
Temperature:	E. Coli:
Salinity:	
Spec. Cond.:	Surfactants Photo #:
Ammonia:	Ammonia Photo #:
Surfactants:	Total Chlorine Photo #:
Total Chlorine:	
<u>Results</u>	
Illicit Discharge/Connection Ruled Ou	t \square Suspected \square Confirmed
Follow Up Actions None Required	\square Notified Town \square Illicit Removed \square Investigate Further
\Box Dye Test \Box C	CTV Sandbag Other:
•	CTV



Town of Saugus, MA Manhole Inspection Form



Manhole ID:	Weather:					
Inspection By:	Temperature:					
Date:	Photograph1:					
Time:	Photograph2:					
Location: (Street Address, Intersection, Business)						
Watershed/Discharge Location:						
Time (hours) since last precipitation event:	Last precipitation amount (inches):					
8. Wall Condition: Good Fair Poor 9. Structure Shape: Round Square Rectangul 10. Currently Surcharged: Yes No 11. Evidence of Surcharging: Yes No 12. Leaking: No 13. Type: Sewer Drain 14. Dirt or Debris Present: Below Invert Above Invert	st Concrete					
15. Is there visable flow from the pipe? If yes, check all that apply, if not go to #11						
16. Color: \square Colorless \square Gray \square Red \square Green \square Whit	e Other:					
17. Odor: \square None \square Musty \square Sewage \square Sour Milk \square	Rotten Eggs Other					
18. Floatables: \square None \square Oily \square Sewage \square Suds	☐ Algae ☐ Scum ☐ Garbage ☐ Other					
19. Deposits/Stains \square None \square Oils \square Corrosion \square Sedim	nent Rust Cother:					
20. Clarity \square Clear \square Cloudy \square Muddy \square Milky \square Suspended Solids \square Other:						
21. Intermunicipal Connection						

Sampling/Field Testing		Results	
n∐.		Illicit Discharge/Connection	New Outfall (Y/N):
pH:		☐ Ruled Out	CNF (Y/N):
Temperature:		Suspected	CNI (Y/N):
Salinity:			CIVI (171V).
Spec. Cond.:	Photo #:	☐ Confirmed	
Ammonia:	Photo #:	Follow Up Actions	☐ Dye Test
Total Chlorine:	Photo #:	☐ None Required	☐ Sandbag
Detergents:		☐ Notified City	□ сст∨
Enterococcus:		_ Notified City	
EColi:	•	☐ Illicit Removed	U Other:
LabID:		☐ Investigate Further Comm	nents:



Town of Saugus, MA Catch Basin Inspection Form



Catch Basin ID:	Weather:			
Inspection By:	Temperature:			
Date:	Photograph1:			
Time:	Photograph2:			
Location: (Street Address, Intersection, Business)				
Watershed/Discharge Location:				
Time (hours) since last precipitation event:	Last precipitation amount (inches):			
1. Grate Shape: \Box Rounded \Box Square \Box Rec	tangular			
2. Curb Inlet: \square Casting \square Stone \square Concrete \square None				
3. Grate Condition: ☐ Good ☐ Cracks/Broken ☐ Replace				
4. Type: Single Grate Double Grate				
5. Structure Shape: Round Square Rectangular				
6. Frame Condition: Good Reset Replace				
7. Structure Construction: Brick Concrete Block Pre-Cast Concrete Cast in Place Hybrid				
8. Wall Condition: Good Fair Poor				
9. Currently Surcharged: Yes No				
10. Evidence of Surcharging:				
11. Hood Present: Yes No				
12. Type of Hood: Cast Iron with Hinge Other				
13. Dirt or Debris Present: Below Invert Above Invert				
Sampling/Field Testing	<u>Results</u>			
pH:	Illicit Discharge/Connection New Outfall (Y/N):			
Temperature:				
Salinity:	☐ Ruled Out CNF (Y/N): ☐ Suspected CNI (Y/N):			
Spec. Cond.: Photo #:				
Ammonia: Photo #:	☐ Confirmed			
Total Chlorine: Photo #:	Follow Up Actions Dye Test			
Detergents:	☐ None Required ☐ Sandbag			
Enterococcus:	\square Notified City \square CCTV			
EColi:	☐ Illicit Removed ☐ Other:			
LabID:	☐ Investigate Further Comments:			
	— investigate rurther comments.			

APPENDIX D

System Vulnerability Factors (SVFs)

In progress



Personnel Training Records

Training Records are on file at Saugus DPW



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